CAPE COD NATIONAL SEASHORE ADVISORY COMMISSION TWO HUNDRED AND NINETY-THIRD MEETING

HELD AT CAPE COD NATIONAL SEASHORE, Marconi Station Area, Park Headquarters, South Wellfleet, Massachusetts, on Monday, April 14, 2014, commencing at 1:03 p.m.

SITTING:

Richard Delaney, Chairman Larry O. Spaulding Edward C. Sabin Ted Thomas Joseph Craig Sheila Lyons Maureen Burgess Mark Robinson

Don Nuendel, alternate

Also present:

George Price, Superintendent
Kathy Tevyaw, Deputy Superintendent
Lauren McKean, Management Assistant
Jason Taylor, Chief of Natural Resources and Science Division
Andrew Nelson, Congressman Keating's district representative

Audience members

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1	PROCEEDINGS
2	MR. DELANEY: I will be happy to welcome spring.
3	It really feels like it today. Finally.
4	MS. LYONS: Yes, it does.
5	MR. DELANEY: And bring the 293rd meeting of the
6	Cape Cod National Seashore Advisory Commission to order
7	ADOPTION OF AGENDA
8	MR. DELANEY: You have an agenda in front of you.
9	Shall we adopt it? A motion?
10	MR. SABIN: So moved.
11	MR. DELANEY: Second?
12	MS. BURGESS: Second.
13	MR. DELANEY: All those in favor?
14	BOARD MEMBERS: Aye.
15	APPROVAL OF MINUTES OF PREVIOUS MEETING (FEBRUARY 3, 2014)
16	MR. DELANEY: We have approval of our minutes from
17	our previous meeting, which I believe were distributed.
18	MR. SABIN: Not too fast, I might say.
19	MR. DELANEY: Where are they?
20	MR. SABIN: They're done.
21	MR. DELANEY: Okay, yeah.
22	MR. SABIN: But they were kind of late.
23	MR. DELANEY: Oh-oh. The record will note the
24	minutes were late on delivery.

1	Any corrections, though, or comments for accuracy?
2	MR. SABIN: I want you to know I did read the
3	entire minutes, and I didn't find a single error.
4	MR. DELANEY: Good.
5	MR. SABIN: As far as I'm concerned, they're
6	approved as is.
7	MS. BURGESS: Yeah, they were good.
8	MR. DELANEY: Okay, a motion to adopt approve
9	the minutes as printed?
10	MS. LYONS: So moved.
11	MR. DELANEY: Second?
12	MS. BURGESS: Second.
13	MR. DELANEY: All those in favor?
14	BOARD MEMBERS: Aye.
15	MR. DELANEY: Okay.
16	Actually, I neglected I realize we have a few
17	guests here today.
18	Andrew Nelson is here today representing
19	district representative from Senator Representative
20	Keating's office.
21	Andrew, welcome.
22	AUDIENCE MEMBER (ANDREW NELSON): Thank you.
23	MR. DELANEY: Good, I just noticed you in the back

there. This is good. I'm glad -- have you been to one

24

1	of our meetings before?
2	AUDIENCE MEMBER (MR. NELSON): I have not.
3	MR. DELANEY: Well, we cover a lot of ground
4	because there's an awful lot going on in Cape Cod
5	National Seashore. And once we get to the
6	Superintendent's Report, you'll have a chance to get a
7	good snapshot of the range of things that go on,
8	hopefully most of which will be of interest to you and
9	your office. And a few of which will probably come
10	knocking on your door too.
11	AUDIENCE MEMBER (MR. NELSON): Just let me know.
12	MR. DELANEY: Okay, good.
13	REPORTS OF OFFICERS
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1	please?
2	MS. BURGESS: Sure, I'll give you some recent
3	updates, Mr. Chairman.
4	Why don't we start with the good news.
5	I think I'd like to ask Commissioner Lyons to
6	report on what the Cape Cod commissioners recently did.
7	MS. LYONS: Okay, do you want me to start with
8	that?
9	MS. BURGESS: (Nods.)
10	MS. LYONS: So excuse me. This week we finally
11	scheduled the Downwinders to come before us. And we've
12	been following this issue and looking at this issue, and
13	we all have concerns about it. And I think individually
14	we support all the efforts that are going on around
15	Pilgrim, but for some reason, our chair is just
16	resistant to putting it on, like, you know, really what
17	power do we have? And I kept saying it doesn't matter
18	what power. I mean, the more voices gives that power.
19	We need the added power.
20	So finally we did have them come forward, and I
21	think they thought there was going to have to be some
22	sort of but everybody was ready to hear the
23	presentation and to really seriously consider what it
24	would be that they would ask us to do, which was to sign

on to this proclamation. And we read the proclamation. They had sent us this all ahead of time, and both Bill Doherty and I both agreed that, yes, this is all fine points in the proclamation, but, you know, this company -- you're basically telling us that there's an episode happens and we all have to sit here and just kind of take that, and we all know that we're being contaminated and living in a contaminated area. You know, it's just unacceptable.

Yes, there are efforts to shut that down, and I do understand that there's a whole lot of things to consider, but the fact of the matter is, while you're considering all these things, this could happen. And I really believe that there should be some sort of response from a national level that would kick into place just as if we had a national disaster. There is a plan of shutdown. Airplanes are deployed. You know, there are people who are there to protect us who know exactly what they're supposed to be doing. So I think that we deserve nothing less, and that's what I'm sort of demanding while they're figuring out how rapidly they could shut this down.

It produces 5 percent of our electricity. That's what we depend on it for. Unfortunately, because people

1 are resisting and maybe lack of space as well, 2 alternative energies were not able to sort of fill that 3 in, though we're getting there, probably more through solar. But the fact of the matter is, you know, these 4 things will get gapped -- you know, the gaps will be 5 filled rapidly I think if we take 5 percent. It's not 6 7 like it's an extreme number, and we'll have to live with that. But enough already. This is just not right. And 8 I do think that we should write another letter to the 9 Governor just saying, "We demand -- this could be your 10 last great action in your exit." 11 12 MS. BURGESS: So what will your commissioners do then? 13 14 MS. LYONS: So what the next step is, is that we 15 asked -- we took the proclamation, and we asked our administrators -- we gave them our thoughts, gave them 16 our thoughts of what we wanted in that, asked them to 17 18 rewrite it, including the proclamation with this added caveat that we want to put in there that's much more 19 20 even stronger language than what's in that, much more of 21 a demand. And we will probably undoubtedly vote on that 22 Wednesday, approve it, and send it to everybody that we 23 need to send it to.

MS. BURGESS: Great.

24

1	MS. LYONS: So that's where we're at.
2	MR. DELANEY: That adds to the mix.
3	MS. LYONS: And I think they were pleased, and so
4	yeah. Finally, yeah.
5	MR. DELANEY: Good luck with that.
6	Maureen, other news?
7	MS. BURGESS: Yes, wonderful news. The Association
8	for the Preservation of Cape Cod called for Pilgrim's
9	permit to be terminated and for the plant to be
10	decommissioned. There's a 12-page position paper on
11	their website, so that was good news.
12	This may sound funny, but the Downwinders good
13	news that the Downwinders were convicted of trespassing.
14	But they felt it was a the Downwinders being the
15	people that are the activists that have been working so
16	hard for so many years on bringing the public's
17	attention to Pilgrim Nuclear Power Plant and the dangers
18	that it posed. But they felt that their conviction on
19	trespassing was a victory because they felt that with
20	all the testimony of the experts, it really was an
21	opportunity for them to have their say and for the
22	public to be more informed.
23	They used what's called a necessity defense, and I

was wondering if maybe Attorney Spaulding could explain

24

1 the necessity defense. 2 MR. SPAULDING: Well, it's not my area, so it 3 probably would be hard for me to do. MS. BURGESS: Oh, okay. Well, then I'll do my amateurish interpretation. 5 Basically what their plea was, was that it was civil defense -- civil disobedience because it was a 7 moral imperative to speak up because they've tried every 8 9 legal route, every political route to try to bring 10 attention to the danger that Pilgrim poses, and they felt that the only way they could do this -- and it was 11 12 their moral imperative -- was to go ahead and to trespass. So they didn't serve any time, but they were 13 14 convicted. 15 What else? The Cape Downwinders met with Governor 16 Patrick. They sort of had a sit-in and a rally at the Statehouse in the auditorium. And Diane Turco 17 18 persevered and got a meeting with the Governor, who agreed to write a letter to the NRC for shutting down 19 20 Pilgrim. You might remember that he did write a letter 21 opposing relicensing, but this was a follow-up to that. 22 Let's see. Another thing that's coming up is that 23 Diane Turco is actually going to meet with Allison 24 Macfarlane, the chair of the Nuclear Regulatory

1	Commission in Washington, on the 21st and also with one
2	of the senator's aides. It would be Senator Markey's
3	aide.
4	MS. LYONS: She's the one that's been somewhat
5	sympathetic. She was the only vote against relicensing.
6	MS. BURGESS: That's correct. She's the current
7	chairman who voted against relicensing and was very much
8	in favor of improving the fence to decrease radiation to
9	the public in the event of an accident. So those are
10	some positives.
11	Bad news, NRC voted not to increase the 20-mile
12	emergency planning zone around any nuclear power plant.
13	And you may recall that when Representative Peake spoke
14	with us, she has currently at the Statehouse a bill in
15	favor of expanding the EPZ around Pilgrim to 20 miles.
16	So the NRC came out and said, "No, we're not expanding
17	the 20-mile zone around any nuclear power plant."
18	And I guess my next question for everybody is, is
19	anybody aware of any feedback to our economic analysis
20	of the consequences of a disaster? Has anybody shared
21	with any groups that have given you any feedback?
22	MR. DELANEY: I've only had Diane herself tell me
23	that it was fantastic and they're using it, Diane Turco.
24	MS. BURGESS: Yeah.

1	MR. DELANEY: Which you know. Other than that, I
2	haven't had any direct contact or feedback from anybody.
3	Have others?
4	MS. LYONS: I have. I've had it just mentioned,
5	and I can't remember exactly where, but I've had people
6	refer to the study that shows very clearly the economic
7	impact. It might have been Wendy who might have
8	mentioned that in a conversation, but it was a positive
9	comment, and they thought it was very thorough and
10	showed an angle that people weren't considering.
11	MR. DELANEY: Larry?
12	MR. SPAULDING: Once it became public, I did send a
13	copy to a local bank president.
14	MS. BURGESS: Oh, you did?
15	MR. SPAULDING: And the implications for when you
16	were talking about national, if this thing actually
17	happened, our local banks would be in serious trouble
18	because people would not be in a position with no
19	tourists, no income coming in to pay their mortgages.
20	At some point the government is going to have to figure
21	out they're going to have to come in and do
22	something.
23	MS. LYONS: Right.
24	MR. SPAULDING: It would be good to have some kind

1	of a plan ahead of time. I highly agree with what
2	Sheila just said.
3	MS. LYONS: Thank you. I'll pass that along.
4	MS. BURGESS: When I read over the minutes I
5	must say when I read over the minutes, I was really
6	pleased with the report and also the conversation from
7	the Commission and the comments, but I remember, Rich,
8	that you had suggested the banks. And I thought that
9	was a great idea, and I don't know if we can reach out
10	to them in any other way.
11	MR. DELANEY: Well, Larry's done at least one bank.
12	Are there others we could you could do the same
13	thing for? Other banks you could pass it on to?
14	MR. SPAULDING: Yeah, I probably could.
15	MR. DELANEY: That might be nice.
16	MS. BURGESS: That would be great.
17	MR. SPAULDING: Would you get me a clean copy of
18	the document, please?
19	MS. BURGESS: Sure.
20	MR. SPAULDING: There are a couple of other bank
21	presidents I'm also friendly with, and I'll send it to
22	them.
23	MS. LYONS: Yeah, I mean, just for them to think
24	about. You know, you're not really considering that

1 possibility, but it would be huge.

MR. THOMAS: I think anything that we do -- I truly believe in totally -- to make it factual, but I think from the point that we first brought this up prior to the relicensing and our first letters went out, a lot has taken place; the fact that the Association for Preservation finally came out with a study to say that you folks finally had a word.

There's a new group in the Lower Cape called Down Cape Downwinders. That grew overnight, and I think -- so from the time that we first got involved -- I mean, Turco's been at this for twenty-something years.

MS. LYONS: She's unbelievable.

MR. THOMAS: We started a couple years ago. And like I said, I can't say that things have happened because we started, but it has grown. It has grown, and I think as people on this commission, as residents of the Cape, we have to stay vigilant; we have to stay educated. And I think when it comes down to Novembers when we have a chance to vote for your representative, your state rep., your congressman, anybody, if they're not on your side and aware and care about Pilgrim, maybe they shouldn't get the vote.

24 MR. DELANEY: I agree. We've really made a lot of

1	progress. The momentum is quite you know, you've
2	done a lot of it, Maureen, but the fact that Pilgrim has
3	moved up high on the list of the watch list of the NRC
4	I don't know if it's number one or the top five.
5	Because between all of the mechanical breakdowns and all
6	the public pressure, I know they're paying a lot more
7	attention than they did just two years ago. And they're
8	the people that's the group that has to make the call
9	ultimately.
10	And this meeting with Diane Turco and the chairman
11	of the board is going to be great.
12	MS. BURGESS: Yeah, I think that's fabulous.
13	MR. DELANEY: It's real progress.
14	MS. BURGESS: That's great.
15	MR. DELANEY: Good, okay.
16	I'm sorry?
17	MR. PRICE: I was just going to suggest, I think
18	going to the banks is a great idea. I would also
19	suggest that there's a Cape-wide Realtor association.
20	MS. LYONS: There is.
21	MR. PRICE: That would be another business-type
22	outfit that would be wiped out overnight. Because
23	previously the mailings have been to the chambers, to
24	the town managers, that sort of thing, but not targeted

1	business entities.
2	MS. BURGESS: There was a gentleman I think it
3	was Mr. Clark who was suggesting the county. There's a
4	county group of selectmen. I don't think they got it.
5	Was it you, Mark?
6	MR. ROBINSON: It's the Selectmen's Association and
7	the Town Councilor's Association. They meet monthly,
8	quarterly.
9	MS. LYONS: Yeah, it's monthly.
10	MR. ROBINSON: They do have presentations.
11	MS. LYONS: They do.
12	MR. ROBINSON: I don't know if we could present
13	this.
14	MS. BURGESS: That's an idea. If anybody would
15	like to do a presentation for the group, that's another
16	option that we have.
17	MR. DELANEY: Okay, thank you, Maureen, unless
18	there's anything else on that topic or other discussion.
19	That's great. Keep up the good work. I think we have
20	an agenda, a good we all need the practice, we as a
21	larger community.
22	Even though they don't respond to us, keep on
23	keep on yelling.
24	Okay, the Superintendent's Report. Superintendent

1 Price? 2 MR. PRICE: Sure. 3 SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT 4 MR. PRICE: A couple of things. First, I apologize for getting out the minutes so late this time. I'll try 5 to do better next time and make sure that you get them 6 7 in a timely manner. STORM DAMAGE 8 9 MR. PRICE: I first want to just comment on the 10 storm damage update. So the incredible news is we really still had just 11 12 the storm damage from the activity in January. So even after the blizzard, after a lot of these other events 13 14 with wind and rain, it's been impressive, and there's 15 been some expansion up at the Herring Cove North parking 16 lot, but largely it's still what we witnessed in January with some addition after that. 17 18 The good news is we actually do have an account 19 that has storm damage repair in it and that we now have 20 account numbers and we're working with contractors in 21 order to proceed. It's late, and when I actually have a 22 contractor on board with a timeline, then I'll 23 distribute that information. I've specifically been in contact with the acting town manager and Sarah Peake 24

personally just to let her know of those particular issues. It affects them I think a little bit more than, say, Eastham with Nauset Light Beach because in Eastham you still have Coast Guard Beach set to be open, and Nauset Light Beach even last year when we repaired the stairs happened after Memorial Day.

So those are the two beach access issues, and the third one, of course -- not of course. The third storm damage was the roof up at the biolab up at the Highlands Center. So that's the funding that we've gotten that we'll be working on pretty quickly.

And of course, in all of our justification of working with the Region, we've explained to them that the Herring Cove project is really just a patch job to try to bridge us until our full, permanent fix can actually be implemented, which will still take some time. It's still very expensive, but we're moving forward on that process. Lauren's been working on all the additional people -- additional pieces that they ask for on a weekly basis, and we'll be making a pitch to the Region to try to preempt some of that so they can understand where it is.

Their issue is -- please understand this, especially dealing with Hurricane Sandy. The question

1	is, if the Herring Cove North project is just a patch,
2	then why are we spending any money on it? Because we've
3	got a permanent fix, but the permanent fix will be
4	several years down the road. And here we have one of
5	our most popular beaches and popular access points, so
6	there really is a balancing act of making sure we have
7	beach access in the interim till we get the permanent
8	fix in place. So I just wanted you to know that that
9	was happening.
10	MR. DELANEY: Superintendent?
11	MR. PRICE: Yes.
12	MR. DELANEY: Do you have any sense of how many
13	years out the permanent fix is on the list down in
14	Philadelphia?
15	MR. PRICE: No. And it's not the the list is
16	the national list.
17	MR. DELANEY: It's national? It's not regional?
18	MR. PRICE: It's the Denver line item construction
19	list.
20	We were very fortunate, and I'm not sure we can get
21	lightning striking at the same place at the same time.
22	The bathhouse was on the national list in Denver, the
23	exact same list, about the same amount of money; 5.2
24	million bucks is what it was on the list for. So that

1 was on our line item construction list. We had gone 2 pretty far down the road with design and compliance, and 3 at some point when they were looking around at projects, they had another list that they could fund, and that was 4 the 20 percent rec fee money. So they picked our 5 6 project off that shelf because ours was ready to go. 7 You know the term shovel ready? It was basically shovel 8 ready, ready to go. So out of the fee money we collect, 9 we keep 80 percent of it in the Seashore to support 10 Seashore activities and staff projects. Twenty percent of that goes to the national fund. That's the case of 11 12 all the parks that collect fees around the country. So 13 they have the same requirements to spend earnest monies 14 down on infrastructure projects as we do. So that's 15 where that money came from, and that project was that 16 attractive. My sales pitch to them is the Herring Cove 17 North project is in the same boat. All the compliance 18 is ready because of Dave --19 MS. McKEAN: Dave Porter. 20 MR. PRICE: Dave Porter and Childs Engineering were basically in a Class C+ estimate, so it's not, as a lot 21 22 of these projects are, at a much more elementary level 23 that requires a lot more work from the Denver side. 24 So like I said, I'm not sure if lightning would

1	strike twice. I'm going to talk to senior people in the
2	Park Service, including down in Washington. And they're
3	kind of feeling like Cape Cod got theirs. "You got your
4	\$5 million project already." But I think there's going
5	to be a lot of pressure, especially with the Centennial
6	coming up, especially with sustainable projects at
7	coastal environments that will be able to say, "Hey,
8	this one will work. Let's get behind that one."
9	So I don't I really have no idea.
10	MR. DELANEY: Okay, thanks.
11	MR. PRICE: That's one way of saying that.
12	MR. THOMAS: A figure in your head, that 20 percent
13	that you send off we send off, how huge is that?
14	MR. PRICE: Well, we bring in a million five a year
15	between rec fees and the permits for the off-road
16	vehicles, so it's really not that much money.
17	SCIENCE AT THE SEASHORE AND INVENTORY & MONITORING,
18	INCLUDING NPS NETWORK
19	MR. PRICE: As part of our program today, one of
20	the things we talked about doing intermittently, we've
21	committed and given you updates on our science programs,
22	specifically sometimes it's specific to bird
23	programs, sometimes the Herring River. Today we wanted
24	to offer you just an update on our science program and

1	the Atlantic Research Center in general. I think that's
2	an important piece for you all to be intimate with.
3	This morning I invited Dr. Jason Taylor, who's the
4	division chief for our natural resources and science
5	division, and he's going to talk a little bit about
6	inventory and monitoring science, and including our
7	involvement with the NPS Network.
8	I should tell you, by the way, as he's queuing up
9	his PowerPoint so we actually have about four things
10	for the screen today. So Jason's the next one on
11	Centennial. Mark has a piece about the Live Lightly
12	Campaign, and Lauren has a couple of slides about the
13	NStar projects. I only say that because we don't
14	usually do this many PowerPoints.
15	Jason, thank you.
16	MR. TAYLOR: Thank you.
17	MR. PRICE: I should say that one of the reasons
18	that I think it's appropriate for Jason to be doing
19	this, he's had his year-plus anniversary at the
20	Seashore, so he's had a chance to figure out how to get
21	around, where the really unique spots are, and learn
22	what the science program is all about.
23	MR. TAYLOR: How to get around? Don't turn left.
24	(Laughter.)

That's the first thing that I learned.

Actually, I just want to say it is a pleasure to be

here. I love talking about the science program. 4 fun to be able to tell our story, and I'm willing to 5 tell it to anybody who's willing to listen. 6 7 So the Division of Natural Resource Management and Science at the Seashore, the little tagline down there 8 9 is advancing scientific knowledge and management 10 decision-making. I'm going to talk a little bit about the division as a whole, just a couple of slides, and 11 12 then I'm going to talk specifically about the applied 13 science program. 14 So the Division of Natural Resource Management and 15 Science currently is comprised of 15 people, 15 full-16 time or multiyear employees. And of those 15 people on the team, there are five PhDs, there are a handful of 17 18 master's degrees and many more bachelor's degrees. It's a very well-educated, well-published, well-respected 19 20 within the Park Service and within the scientific 21 community group of people. It's really fun to work with 22 them. 23 We had a student come in a few years ago and recognized Bob Cook. "Is that Bob Cook? 24 The Bob Cook?

1

2

3

MR. TAYLOR:

Thanks, George.

The one that I read all their papers about?" There was this excitement of recognition that there was a special person here that they wanted to meet.

So what do we do in this division? There are really four containers of work that describes almost everything we do; resource management, applied science, education and outreach, and then the administrative piece. So we're going to focus wholly today on the applied science and education piece, really the education from the perspective of how we disseminate science information.

So in a nutshell, if you take applied science and education together, we're talking about monitoring research and outreach, and it's really all about detecting, understanding, and communicating the message of the natural resources within the Park. Detect, understand, communicate. That's a message that's prevalent throughout the story here. We're going to talk about applied science.

And there are really two programs of work that I want to touch on, and one is our Cape Cod ecosystem monitoring program, and the other George mentioned, is the Atlantic Research and Learning Center. So we'll start off with monitoring. I should say because

monitoring helps us understand what's happening. It helps us understand the status and trend of the resources in the Park. It won't necessarily tell us why things are changing or what kind of relationships exist, but it tells us what it is. The research piece actually helps us address the question of why, why things are changing and help look at those cause and effect relationships that we might observe with our monitoring program.

So the Cape Cod ecosystem long-term -- there's a key there -- long-term monitoring program is intended to be -- it's a forever kind of process. Some of the data that we collect we've already been collecting for, say, 40 years, (inaudible) monitoring data. The intent, though, is that this is to be long-term, and the design is such that we're trying to address some long-term kind of questions. So the entire foundational premise for the long-term monitoring program is this thing called vital signs. And vital signs are very much akin to a vital sign you might think of for a human. So your blood pressure, your heart rate, those things, those indicators that a doctor would measure about you as that first high pass understanding of your health. We have the same kind of thing from an ecological perspective.

So vital signs in the Park look something like air contaminants or visibility, marsh birds and salt marsh nekton and wetlands and the topography of the landscape and the surface water dynamics. So these kind of things that we measure, which isn't everything about everything in the Park, but it's those high-level things that we want to know something about because they're indicators to the health of the rest of the system. So those vital signs can be broken down into a number of containers. They're in climate kinds of things, things that talk about vital signs that refer to biological integrity, geology and soils, the landscape as a whole, and water in a number of different ways.

So for each of these vital signs, the intent is to collect data in a very specific way and turn that data and the information — information into knowledge to support decision—making. So just an example here. So each of these different monitoring protocols that we complete during a year, to create one of these vital signs starts from a very rigorous place. There's an entire protocol developed that's based upon statistics and modeling and what have you, but the point is that we're not just out there collecting data to collect data. There's an intent. There's a set of questions

that drive what we're doing. There's a structure behind what we do, and there's just a reason why we're there.

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And specifically what we're collecting, we go out year after year for each of the vital signs. We're collecting information across many years. Some we collect every year. Others we collect every other year. Some we might collect every third or fourth year. all that data that we collect is aggregated. It accrues through time, and we use that information through time to understand the current state of a resource, the historical range and variation of that resource, and where we currently fall in that range. If we're really lucky or we have science to back it, we can understand what those thresholds of change mean. So in some cases, the ecosystem is in maybe poorer quality or better quality or somewhere in between, and if we have those kind of thresholds of change, we can assign relative values of condition. And that's the colors you see here, the greens, yellows, and reds. They're kind of like a scorecard. It's like a stoplight. Green is go. Everything looks okay. Just keep doing what you're doing. Red is we have concern here. We need to stop and look, maybe do some research and actually try to understand. And the yellow are those places that are

either going up or coming down, depending on the context. But we have that kind of information, those indicators, that scorecard for every vital sign that we measure in the Park. We feed that information back to squad, and then they can help us understand, the leadership team in the Park -- to help us basically make management decisions to impact hopefully in a positive way these particular resources.

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All right, so that's the what. That's the status and trend. The why things are happening or the cause and effect is largely driven by science, and the program at the Park that we use or we facilitate science through is called the Atlantic Research & Learning Center. the ARLC or the Research Learning Center is one of 19 of these research learning centers across the country. And the mission of these research learning centers are just here. So one, to facilitate the use of parks for scientific inquiry. There's stuff. There are ecosystems. There are organisms in this park. There's a cultural history in this park that makes it special and makes it useful for scientific endeavors. We want to support science-informed decision-making. So we take that science, we communicate it back to the decisionmakers, and then help in actually managing the park,

communicate that relevance to the public, and also make those data, all the data that have been collected under the guise of that research available to the public, integrate that into education and outreach programs so we're constantly feeding information about natural resources to our inter and education division. And then just generally this idea that we're going to connect parks, partners, and the public in this case in the pursuit of research and education.

So the big ideas, really big ideas under this research learning center idea, and it's working here now. So just an example from 2013. It's the only complete year that I've been here. So there were over 35 local, national, and even international organizations conducting research within the Seashore and fiscal '13, and we don't need to read all of them, but some big names; Harvard, the National Marine Fisheries, Woods Hole down here, UMass in a number of varieties, all the way to Australia. They're all over the world. They're predominately in North America, but some around the world.

And just a few examples of folks conducting research. Provincetown Center for Coastal Studies is helping us out with a coastal change study looking at

1 sediment dynamics in the Park. We had the Department of 2 Energy here with that Two-Column Aerosol Project looking 3 at climate change in the Park, trying to be able to collect data to feed into global climate models. 4 are other studies about climate change in the Park and 5 our paleo forest down at Coast Guard. Last summer there 6 7 was a project led by NOAA to actually tag -- to GPS tag seals from the Park boundary. There's really 8 9 interesting seal/shark dynamic outcome that could come out of that study. A fair amount of work about 10 11 heathlands. And a project that's been underway to some 12 level that's going to really get underway this year is looking at Roseate terns, endangered Roseate terns and 13 14 the fact that like 85 percent of all Roseate terns in 15 the Northwest Atlantic population come to the Seashore each fall. So trying to understand the dynamics of the 16 Roseate terns visiting the Seashore. So just a snippet 17 18 of the kind of research that's occurring within the Park, and there's a whole bunch more. 19 20 So if you pile them all together, again, in 2013 21 there were 13 different long-term monitoring efforts, 22 and so one monitoring effort might be many vital signs. 23 So a whole lot of work going on in relation to understanding the status and trend of resources. 24 There

were 32 projects, specific monitoring efforts. We didn't talk about those, but those are the kind, like the Herring River restoration, where we want to deploy some monitoring scheme so when the restoration occurs, we know what actually worked when it was done; 50 plus different research efforts permitted in the Park with those 35 institutions and 12 citizen science efforts.

And we'll come back to citizen science in just a minute.

I just want to touch a little bit on looking forward. So this year, 2014, and going forward there are a number of really cool projects that are underway. I mention this Roseate tern study. It's continuing and building the number of partners; the USGS, Mass.

Audubon, Virginia Tech and so on. We have the Herring River baseline work. You saw some of the Herring River fish passage stuff this morning. That's going on in cooperation with USGS. The Center for Coastal Studies, our climate change vulnerability project and coastal instability in relation to sea level rise. So there are a couple of projects where we're trying to understand how the coast is changing, how the sea is rising, how all those dynamics work together.

Heathlands high-resolution elevation mapping, we're not going to have time to talk much about that today,

but this is really cool. Really super high-resolution elevation maps with all the salt marshes and trying to understand how the salt marshes are keeping up, their sediment load is keeping up with sea level rise, if they are or if they're not, and what that means to management in the Park.

And then another Center for Coastal Studies-related project, submerged resources mapping, where we're actually going to try to map the subsurface within the -- the subtidal area within the Seashore boundary looking at the substrate, looking for cultural artifacts, looking for habitat, trying to understand what those vulnerable places are that might actually, say, for example, channel wave energy to create onshore terrestrial damage or overwashes and so forth in the future with future coastal storms and increased sea level rise and so forth.

Okay, back to citizen science. This is a program that a number of people have been involved in over the years, but the citizens science program here at the Seashore, the big ticket item is the Phenology program. So Phenology being the study of timing of lifecycle events. So we're actually part of this national Phenology network, and we have a lot of partners that

are involved in this particular progress -- or this project. Along with that, timing of flowering and budding of plants and these kinds of things, we're looking at freshwater wetlands and vegetation, dune shore communities, ice dynamics when the ice comes on the ponds, when it leaves the ponds, salt marsh vegetation and so forth. All of these things are indicators of climate change, if this comes under -- or comes out later every year, leaves earlier, whatever those impacts for the ecosystems are.

So that's actually Dick Spokes there. He's a heavy computer -- heavy contributor to our citizen science program. In fact, I think he's now a leader of volunteers for that particular program.

So citizen science for us, it fills two roles. One is we just don't have enough people to collect all the data we want to or need to about climate change and its impacts in the Park. So citizen science provides an opportunity to leverage a community of people that are interested in contributing, so more manpower, but also there is this opportunity for an experiential learning opportunity, to get people into the field, to learn about the Park and learn about its resources. It's this idea that we've come across in Richard Louv, this idea

of Last Child in the Woods. Not only is there an
opportunity to get adults involved here, but there are
opportunities to get children involved, high school
students involved with collecting data about natural
resources in the Park, and hopefully they learn to love
a little bit about walking trail science.

All right, so then the last piece here is education. So the Research and Learning Center hosts a variety of science outreach opportunities and engagements throughout the year. The keystone or the capstone of that is the Science in the Seashore Symposium that's held roughly each August. It will be our fifth Science in the Seashore Symposium this year, but other times throughout the year we're doing tours, do technical assistance meeting interviews. We're working on publications of various forms, contributing to the science community in general, largely around the ideas that are meaningful to management of the Park and the Park resources but contributing outside the boundaries of both the Park and even of the Park

All right, so a couple more slides. So we do a lot of work. We do a lot of monitoring. We do a lot of research. We manage resources throughout the Park.

We're not isolated in what we do. So with our I&M program, we're part of this broader concept of national inventory and monitoring network or program. And this particular program was designed such that parks that had similar ecological characteristics were clustered together. And there are 32 of these I&M networks around the country. We happen to be part of one that's called the Northeast Coastal and Barrier Network. Parks from Cape Cod, the northern end, Fire Island, Gateway down to Assateague and so on, all of those parks that have barrier beaches and sandy beaches as a primary ecosystem component. The systems are similar. The things we monitor are similar and so forth.

So all of the data that we collect in this park actually rolls up to a regional I&M network so then they can then start to compare the status and trend of our resources in the Park against other parks with similar ecosystem types, issues, challenges, and opportunities. So all of our information rolls into the network. It's then used for additional decision-making at that level.

So if you want to learn more about the Northeast Coastal and Barrier Network, they have a really great website. They store all kinds of information in there. They have overviews of the I&M brochures, reports,

protocols, monitoring plans, just all kinds of information about our park and other parks that are part of that network. We have somewhere I guess sitting out there still -- we have handouts with you or for you with each of the websites for these different places on them.

One other group that it's worth pointing out that we work with is -- they're called Cooperative Ecosystem Studies Unit. And it's a consortium of partners around the country that provide an opportunity -- the easiest way to say it is to effectively pre-vet potential partners. So as an individual becomes a member of institution or a member partner of this CESU, then we as the National Park can go directly to the CESU and work with those outside entities from a research perspective and bring that onboard much easier than if we were to start from scratch externally.

Our particular CESU is the North Atlantic Coast
Cooperative Ecosystem Studies Unit, and the two
partners that I know of on the Cape are the Provincetown
Center for Coastal Studies and the marine biological lab
at Woods Hole. There may be others, but I'm not
familiar. So those two entities we can work with quite
directly, and it's pre-vetted through this particular
process.

1 So that's the content of what I wanted to share. 2 The last three slides are just screen captions of 3 websites. So I just wanted everybody to know that over the last year we spent quite a bit of time updating the 5 information about nature and science in general in the 7 Park on the Park's website and then about the programs that I just shared. So the Cape Cod Ecosystem 8 Monitoring program, there's all kinds of information 9 there, resource brief, protocols, all kinds of 10 information about what we monitor and why we monitor it, 11 12 some of the results, reports and publications around that website, and then the Research and Learning Center. 13 14 So you can learn more about research, education and 15 outreach. There are some really cool videos on that 16 site about some resource activities in the Park. more information about the staff, research permitting 17 18 system and so forth are all available on those websites.

I'll stop there and ask if there are questions.

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MR. DELANEY: Terrific. What a great agenda. I'll just add from the Center's perspective, my scientists are just thrilled to be able to have such an abundance of expertise that both collaborates and complements what we do here. So it's terrific.

1	How about some questions? Ted?
2	MR. THOMAS: Linking the mercury count in the
3	larvae of the dragonfly, is that to see how it enters
4	the ponds or the fish? The mercury in fish? Just put
5	it together for me so I it sounds interesting that
6	that's something you study.
7	MR. TAYLOR: That's a very good question. I don't
8	know the answer to that.
9	(Laughter.)
10	MR. TAYLOR: It's definitely a bioaccumulator
11	study. That's one of those citizen science projects
12	that I don't actually know much about. I can get a very
13	direct answer for you, though.
14	MR. THOMAS: It just seemed interesting that you'd
15	you're studying the mercury in the larvae, and I
16	would imagine the fish eat the larvae.
17	MR. TAYLOR: Yeah, they're definitely taking tissue
18	samples, and then we also take we don't. The state
19	does. It takes tissue samples from the ponds. So I
20	suspect there is a direct correlation. I don't know the
21	answer to that.
22	MR. PRICE: One of the things, just as a comment,
23	I've been shocked since I've been here. I think we've
24	posted like a dozen ponds now that say No pregnant women

1	or children should eat the fish, and that's because the
2	fish that you catch are basically the number one
3	predator. So you're right. They eat the larvae, which
4	then are which are down in the mud, which is where
5	the mercury is located. So that was one of the
6	indicators that we were talking about as far as the
7	overall impact.
8	MR. TAYLOR: I haven't actually seen the
9	presentation of that yet.
10	MR. DELANEY: Larry?
11	MR. SPAULDING: I knew obviously you were doing the
12	studies, but I had no idea of the number of people or
13	the quality of the people. How often does someone like
14	you stay in one place? is my question. In other words,
15	you're here and you're learning about this national
16	seashore. Is there a kind of a norm as to somebody with
17	your scientific background and how long you stay
18	somewhere and where you'll travel?
19	MR. TAYLOR: I think I'm the new guy in my group.
20	So there are a couple of people in the natural resource
21	division that have been for 20 years-ish. Yeah, I'm
22	definitely the new guy. So there's not one right answer
23	for anybody, but what I have learned is that Cape Cod is
24	a place that people consider special, so sometimes when

they come, they don't leave. So we're fortunate in that way that if we can attract really good people -- and we do attract really good people -- that there's a likelihood they're going to be around for a while. There are definitely some parks where there's a high level of turnover, but I haven't seen -- I haven't seen nor heard of that in the staff in this particular area. MR. SPAULDING: The next sort of goes to my question. It's not that you'll go somewhere and there's a period of time, like three years, five years, where then you're going to go somewhere else, and that's not necessarily the case.

MR. TAYLOR: That's not necessarily the case.

MR. PRICE: Larry, there are multiple answers to that question. The first thing I wanted to mention is, again, the Cape is special. We have the highest amount of scientists on the East Coast for the National Park Service with the exception of the Everglades. Typically parks like ours would have had -- and before the big influx of resources, basically -- if you remember the name John Portnoy, John Portnoy was one of like three people here before the big influx. That would have been more typical. We've received money to create the research center. We received money to really build up

the I&M network. That's why we have the money to help with the larger thing.

Since I've been here, Jason is the fourth chief of natural resources and science, and so I finish nine years in February. So the reality is, depending on the individual and the interest and all that, it depends on how mobile people are, but it's not like the Park Service days when I joined where, after two or three years, someone in that position would be tapped on the shoulder. Now it has to do more with their initiative as to what they want to do with their career.

MR. DELANEY: Sheila?

MS. LYONS: No, I was going to ask -- and we had a great conversation. I mean, I see that you have listed up there the Cape Cod Commission. And you're relatively new to the area, and I think we talked about the 208, do you know about the 208, which Lauren -- Lauren has attended religiously, so she's the (inaudible) person on that.

But we are doing a flyover, and you were saying you were doing the aerial photos. Did you ever connect on that because that was -- that was the thing that we were doing for the towns? Every town has to do it. I guess you have to do it. And we needed that information on a

1 regional basis, so we offered to -- and it was a very, 2 you know, high-resolution effort that was being done so 3 they could identify -- they needed to be able to look at stormwater drainage. So it was going to be very 4 detailed in its picture taking. So instead of every 5 town doing it on their own and like, say, Orleans will 6 do it in 2002 and Wellfleet doesn't have enough money to 7 do it till 2004, so they do theirs -- so it's all out of 8 9 sync. You don't have one picture of the Cape. So we 10 needed that as well. It would be helpful to everybody. 11 And so we proposed that if we put up the money and the 12 Commission put up the money, then the towns paid very I mean, we saved over a million dollars overall 13 14 to the towns by (inaudible) in this one-time shot. 15 anyone reach out to the National Seashore on that? Ιs 16 it something you could partner on since you have in federal and this is for the state? 17 18 MR. TAYLOR: I don't know the answer to the last question, but I did actually talk to Mark Adams, who's 19 20 our GIS specialist, and he was aware of what's being 21 done. So I was the one that was out of the loop. 22 MS. LYONS: Okay. I mean, those things, if we can 23 work together to save monies like that, everybody can get their own piece and look for what they want. 24 I just

1	want you to be aware that we have to be in that you
2	know, I'd want you to have that communication with us.
3	MR. TAYLOR: The reality is the more sources of
4	imagery that we have, the better. I mean, if it were up
5	to me and we could afford it, I'd take an image every
6	week. I mean, the beaches are so dramatic. It changes
7	so much.
8	MS. LYONS: Yeah, I agree. I have pictures almost
9	every week of some of the Seashore. I could show you
10	the changes.
11	MR. DELANEY: That's a good suggestion, though.
12	The Commission has
13	MS. LYONS: Yeah, there should be a good
14	communication just to see if there is a place where you
15	can legally share. Sometimes there's those lines that,
16	you know, even though it makes sense, no, you have to go
17	over there and back, get your backpack (inaudible) even
18	though we're right here. So those types of things I'll
19	introduce you to and to be aware of, and Lauren knows
20	the Commission a lot. Rich works with, you know as
21	does George.
22	MR. TAYLOR: I was just going to say thanks for the
23	time.
24	MS. LYONS: Thank you.

1	MR. TAYLOR: And it was a very high-level teaser.
2	So any of the information that you saw, that you'd like
3	to know more about, I'm happy to sit down with anyone.
4	I can come back and introduce the individual topics.
5	I'll definitely find out about the mercury and
6	dragonflies. Next time I'll be able to answer that
7	question.
8	MR. THOMAS: How about the aerosol, that study, is
9	that finished now? Do we get a copy?
10	MR. PRICE: Well, it's finished from our it was
11	going to take two years or so or more to wrap it up.
12	MS. McKEAN: There's only been an annual report
13	that I'm aware of. I'm on their mailing list now, and I
14	think it's just going to be multiple, multiple papers.
15	I'm not sure if there will be a report beyond their
16	annual report that we're just a part of. They had
17	worldwide deployments, and so it was like just a couple
18	of pager, but every now and then a paper's coming out.
19	And they're to provide those papers to Megan Tyrrell,
20	who's the research coordinator. So we can check in with
21	Larry Dr. Larry Berg, who's the principal
22	investigator. He was thinking that they would roll out
23	over a number of years, and I have seen some of the
24	titles have just not been I think I saw one title so

1	far that seemed to be related to our (inaudible)
2	projects because there are hundreds that they're doing
3	all the time. So there will be just one report.
4	MR. DELANEY: Thanks, Jason. Very interesting.
5	MS. LYONS: It was great. Thank you.
6	MR. DELANEY: Moving on.
7	MR. PRICE: I thought it was an opportunity to meet
8	Jason, and depending on how much time we have with the
9	agenda, we've got another short video perhaps. Because
10	one of the things, as he said, with the role of the ARC
11	is really getting our information about what we're doing
12	with science out to the public.
12	with science out to the public.
13	CENTENNIAL OF NATIONAL PARK SERVICE
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13 14	CENTENNIAL OF NATIONAL PARK SERVICE MR. PRICE: So switching gears but sticking with
13 14 15	CENTENNIAL OF NATIONAL PARK SERVICE MR. PRICE: So switching gears but sticking with visuals. So what's coming up on 2016, you might want to
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13 14 15 16 17	CENTENNIAL OF NATIONAL PARK SERVICE MR. PRICE: So switching gears but sticking with visuals. So what's coming up on 2016, you might want to know, is the Centennial of the National Park Service, and the director and the National Park senior management
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1	rehash what he said, I thought I would just show you
2	this YouTube video that he did because I think it's
3	pretty all-inclusive and it kind of lays out there
4	what's going on, and it's up to us locally to decide how
5	much or how little we'll actually do. You ought to know
6	for the 50th anniversary, that was the big last splash,
7	Mission 66, that was done. That was the auspices as to
8	how we actually got our infrastructure here at the
9	Seashore. So the Visitor Center and the restrooms and
10	the parking lot, that's all known as Mission 66
11	architecture. So this time it's less focused on
12	infrastructure and more on programs.
13	So let me just play this for you.
14	MR. DELANEY: We're about to have a first in 293
15	meetings of the Advisory Commission. We're going to
16	actually have a YouTube showing here.
17	(Laughter.)
18	MR. DELANEY: We're going modern, guys.
19	MS. BURGESS: There we go. What next?
20	MR. ROBINSON: Let's tweet it out.
21	(Laughter.)
22	* * * * * * * *
23	(Video is played.)
24	NPS SPEAKER: The National Park Centennial in 2016

is our opportunity to reintroduce ourselves to a new generation of Americans and invite each of them to be a part of our second century of stewardship. It has to be much more than a one-time celebration.

For nearly 100 years, people have been coming to us. Now it is time for us to take the parks and the critical work we do in communities to the people. It won't be easy. Nothing worthwhile ever is. But this is one of the most important things we will do during our tenure.

A central piece of this effort will be a public awareness initiative that will build relevance, connection, and support for the work of the National Park Service and our family of partners. To help us succeed, I've asked the National Park Foundation, our national charitable park, to help lead this effort. Through their generosity, we've added a world-class communications partner, Grey Advertising, to the team. Together we spent much of the last year talking to employees, partners, visitors, stakeholders, and even people who have no contact with us to understand what they know and don't know about the National Park Service.

24 What we're doing boiled down to this. When

Americans think about the National Park Service, they see a handful of big distant parks out West. That makes them happy but limits our relevance to their lives. learned that if we take the time to explain the depth and breadth of the 401 national parks and historic preservation and outdoor recreational work we are doing, often in their own neighborhoods, people quickly see that we offer more than a once-in-a-lifetime amazing vacation. From unparalleled learning opportunities for their children to close to home hiking and biking through our rivers, trails, and conservation assistance program, to a revitalized downtown made possible by our historic tax credit program, Americans see how our work adds value to their lives every day. No group is more positively moved and motivated by this knowledge than the millenniums, the diverse and multicultural generation that will most influence our future. We also heard loud and clear that every age group when given the opportunity to participate is engaged to help us succeed in our mission.

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Each of you knows how important every dollar is to our organization and the vital help public and private partnerships can provide. This research shows that while most people don't know they can help us, once

told, they are very excited to do so. All we need to do
is ask. The Centennial is our opportunity to make that
invitation to millennials and all Americans, to
introduce or reintroduce ourselves and our work to every
American and encourage them to join us and take action
together. To do that, we will help people redefine
their understanding of what park means and invite every
American to find their park.

Here's what I mean.

NPS SPEAKER: What is a park? Sure, it's a place that has trees and grass and furry creatures, but a park, a national park is much more than that. It's more than just the physical space. It's the sense of pride that comes from a visit to the Statue of Liberty or what you can learn at Thomas Edison's house. It is the gratitude that comes from natural disaster relief efforts and the sense of community borne of cultural resource outreach programs. These are all the things that a park can be; a place, a feeling, a state of mind, and they're all made possible by the hard work and dedication of the National Park Service. So get up, get out there, and find your park.

NPS SPEAKER: The public launch of our *Find Your*Park campaign will be in early 2015 with the National

Park Foundation and a partnership with other great

American brands. It will offer opportunities for people
to connect with us, share their stories, and join the
reinvigoration of an inherently American conservation
and preservation movement.

Here is a sneak peek of what that will look like.

SPEAKER: Here are a series of print ads that will reinforce the Find Your Park message. The bold Park graphics we'll receive that you may or may not use as a park will intentionally stop the public and make them pay attention, such as the Thomas Edison lab with copy that reads "Some parks owe their existence to platetectonics and continental drift. Others owe it to human ingenuity and the undying will to succeed."

Print communication will also feature initiatives
like the Federal Historic Preservation Tax Incentives
program. The headline here reads: "An unspoiled place
to observe the natural cycle of life or a place to find
new life in brick and mortar." And the copy reads "The
Federal Historic Tax Incentives program encourages
private sector investments in the restoration and
preservation of historic buildings, creates jobs, and
revitalizes neighborhoods." And dual visuals can depict
two very diverse sites, such as Yellowstone and the

1	Federal Hall National Memorial. The copy here reads:
2	"A park is a place of ancient beauty. A park is also
3	the preservation of culture, community outreach, and a
4	link to our past, things that are almost as old and
5	every bit as beautiful."
6	SPEAKER: My park? Glacier. I've been going there
7	for years.
8	SPEAKER: My park? Is preserving my culture and
9	heritage.
10	SPEAKER: I find my park to connect with nature.
11	SPEAKER: I found my park when I wanted to kind of
12	explore the U.S.
13	SPEAKER: Learning our history is my park.
14	SPEAKER: My park is wherever my kids smile.
15	SPEAKER: I came from a very modest family growing
16	up on Long Island. I don't even think I knew what a
17	national park was. So I signed up for the Geology of
18	Your National Parks.
19	SPEAKER: The national parks are woven into my
20	memories of growing up as a first-generation Portuguese-
21	American in California.
22	SPEAKER: I've never been to Texas, so I said,
23	"Sure, why not? Let's go to Texas. Where are the
24	national parks there? Where can I do some backcountry

1	camping?"
2	SPEAKER: I find my park every year when I visit
3	Gettysburg. I'm a Civil War buff.
4	SPEAKER: It really shapes my understanding of a
5	community, not just for being a place to gather with
6	your friends and family, but for being a place to
7	celebrate one another and to continue to forge new
8	memories.
9	SPEAKER: My park is remembering what it is to be
10	American.
11	SPEAKER: Online mostly, but I need to get out
12	there more.
13	SPEAKER: Bought a plane ticket to El Paso, drove
14	down to Big Bend National Park in Terlingua, and from
15	then just became friends with the Park rangers, did a
16	bunch of backcountry camping, and just found a new love
17	for camping and the outdoors.
18	SPEAKER: And ever since I took that class I
19	decided that I was going to see Yosemite and Sequoia and
20	Joshua Tree. I don't even know if I can name them all,
21	but it's my goal just to get there.
22	SPEAKER: I find my park to clear my head.
23	SPEAKER: I've always been fascinated by the way
24	that everyday objects take on a sort of meaning much

1	beyond what they actually are. I mean, I remember as a
2	new arrival in the U.S. standing out and looking at the
3	Statue of Liberty, and I remember thinking in that
4	moment how I was connected to all the people that had
5	passed through there before and all the people that
6	lived it. And for me, that's what the park means to me.
7	SPEAKER: My park is where I'll always remember the
8	words of MLK.
9	SPEAKER: My park is the ground I run on to prepare
10	for my marathon.
11	SPEAKER: My park is my solitude.
12	SPEAKER: I find my park every year when my
13	grandfather and I plan our annual trip.
14	NPS SPEAKER: The campaign will use all channels of
15	21st Century communication; print, TV, events,
16	partnerships, promotions, news media, social media,
17	digital, and mobile to reach every American with our
18	invitation to find your park. And when they do, we want
19	them to bring home memories to remind them of that
20	connection. We need a way for people, those who have
21	always been supporters and the new folks who will be
22	just getting to know us, to show their connection to us,
23	their pride in what we do, and their support.
24	To that end, the arrowhead will be getting a

cousin, an additional tool to our graphic identity family that we will use when the arrowhead is not appropriate. Now, let me be very clear. The arrowhead is not going away. It's a proud symbol of the National Park Service that will always be here and front and center into our second century. The new mark is an addition to the family that will give us added flexibility to showcase our brand. Another addition is the new look for the National

Another addition is the new look for the National Park Foundation that makes it clear that the foundation is also a member of the family and recognizes its critical role in sustaining the work of the National Park Service and expanding the national community of supporters.

Soon we add a special Centennial logo. We will have the option we need to represent all of our efforts and those of our friends and our partners for the Centennial and beyond.

Speaking of friends and partners, this centennial is about you too. Find Your Park is for all of us, and we can't do it without you. Public and private partnerships are an integral part of our past and our future. We are so lucky to have the support of the National Park Foundation and the countless other

1	organizations that have made our first 100 years a
2	success and will help us make the next century even
3	better.
4	This campaign and the myriad of other efforts
5	underway under the Centennial banner will help us bring
6	the parks to the people, to introduce our collective
7	work to those we work for, the American people, and
8	invite them to take action and join us. The success of
9	this effort will depend on each of us doing our part
10	just as you continue to make achievements as a part of a
11	call to action. We will work together with all our key
12	partners to position the National Park Service for its
13	second century of stewardship and public engagement.
14	This is an exciting time for the National Park
15	Service and our community of partners. Thank you.
16	Thank you for your support, your dedication, and your
17	passion for our mission.
18	(End of video.)
19	* * * * * * * *
20	MR. PRICE: Somebody said, "Smile, John."
21	(Laughter.)
22	MR. DELANEY: He remembered just at the end.
23	(Laughter.)
24	MS. LYONS: I know.

1 MR. PRICE: Well, I wanted to share this with you. 2 It was supposed to be this in-house thing, but I felt it 3 was very important because I thought it really sums it 4 all up. Obviously some of us are just getting over our 50th anniversary celebration with the Seashore a little 5 while ago, but here we've got the Centennial of the 6 7 whole National Park Service. And there could be opportunities to capitalize and to build on this 8 9 initiative, and certainly our Friends group and other 10 partners are ways that we want to do it. 11 Kathy and senior staff and I are working on trying 12 to put in infrastructure projects that could be funded, like the parking lot, like redoing the amphitheaters and 13 14 a bunch of other things. But I did want to throw it out 15 because I didn't want to presume anything about the 16 Commission and the commissioners or what your particular 17 interest may or may not be. But as we move along in 18 this, if there's some way that we want to have an official representative work with the Park staff or 19 20 something like that, I think we could certainly talk 21 about it. 22 MR. SABIN: When is the actual anniversary? '14 or 23 **'**15?

MR. PRICE:

116.

1	MS. BURGESS: '16.
2	MS. LYONS: '16, so you have a year, year and a
3	half.
4	MR. THOMAS: The kickoff wasn't till '15.
5	MS. BURGESS: '15, right.
6	MR. CRAIG: Early '15.
7	MS. LYONS: Early '15. That's not much time.
8	MR. THOMAS: No, it's not, especially (inaudible).
9	MR. DELANEY: So what's your pleasure? Any
10	brilliant ideas for the Commission to itself?
11	MS. LYONS: Can we do fundraisers?
12	MR. DELANEY: Well, I don't know.
13	MS. LYONS: Can we do that?
14	MR. DELANEY: Well, that's partly what I think the
15	Friends group is, its primary mission. We could combine
16	with them potentially, let them be the nonprofit that
17	does the fund-raising. I'm not sure that's in our
18	charter, but we could certainly I would assume, and
19	I'll look into this be a partner with the Friends.
20	MS. LYONS: You know, a fundraiser helps get your
21	word out, and if it's done right, you can do it through
22	social media. Then you can tag on to it. Do they have
23	a Friends webpage?
24	MR. PRICE: Yes.

1	MS. LYONS: It's awful that I don't know that, but
2	I should.
3	MS. McKEAN: There was an e-mail blast that came
4	out today too, if anyone wants that.
5	MS. BURGESS: Did you have an idea, Chairman?
6	MR. DELANEY: No, I don't yet, but I think thank
7	you, Superintendent, for bringing to our attention early
8	on so we have some time to think about this. 2015 will
9	be here shortly, but still it would be nice if we had
10	something that we could contribute to an ongoing part of
11	the Park or our own thing.
12	MS. LYONS: Right.
13	MR. DELANEY: I mean, after all, we've been around
14	for I keep spouting this number, but 293 times,
15	citizens like ourselves, predecessors have come
16	together. So we have this commission has had a
17	pretty significant role to play in this particular park.
18	MR. ROBINSON: Our 300th will be in the Centennial
19	year.
20	MR. DELANEY: Oh, yeah, we'll make our 300th.
21	That's a good idea; 50 years, 100th anniversary, and
22	300th meeting.
23	MR. PRICE: Well, also the point that each town has
24	their own initiative I mean, each town has been

_	contributing all these years.
2	MS. LYONS: Right, and they're all going through
3	their some anniversaries are hitting the towns.
4	Right now Wellfleet's (inaudible).
5	MR. DELANEY: And we are still one of a kind
6	almost one of a kind. There are no are we the only?
7	MR. PRICE: Oh, no, you were just the first
8	commission.
9	MR. DELANEY: First statutorily established
10	commission.
11	MR. ROBINSON: First and best.
12	MR. PRICE: And unlike most of the other
13	commissions, you're still around. Most of the other
14	commissions were usually around like just for the
15	startup or for a new GMP or for something. The one in
16	Lowell was around for 15 years, so that was reauthorized
17	for three years.
18	Joe was just reminding me that this commission's
19	reauthorization is 2018. So we'll have to go through
20	the reauthorization bit again. The only commission that
21	has no sunset clause is the one for the Boston Harbor
22	Islands.
23	MR. DELANEY: Mark?
24	MR. ROBINSON: I don't know how to implement it or

contributing all these years.

1	find an expression for it, but I think the one thing we
2	ought to connect is more of Cape Cod to the Park and not
3	just the Lower Cape towns. You know, there's a lot of
4	disconnect. I live up Cape in Barnstable, and I have
5	two high school sons, one who likes to hike around with
6	me out here. We do that. And the other one is getting
7	ready to go off to college and says, "You know, I don't
8	know anything about the National Seashore," and I was
9	very embarrassed. I'm going to have the conversation
10	with him.
11	(Laughter.)
12	MS. LYONS: It's about time, Mark.
13	MR. ROBINSON: Am I blushing?
14	(Laughter.)
15	MR. ROBINSON: But I think that that's a fairly
16	common attitude. You know, when you're up Cape, you
17	don't go down there.
18	MR. DELANEY: That's a good point. I like that.
19	MS. LYONS: Well, you know, my feeling you know,
20	my aunts and uncles it seems like you come to an area
21	on Cape Cod, and then that's your area. Then if you
22	were lucky enough, you get a little house there or
23	something like that. So I kept seeing these pictures.
24	I'm talking 25 years ago, 30 years ago, but these

1 beautiful dunes and these like California beaches. 2 I'm like, where are these? I don't see any of these. 3 And then, you know, one day -- and even when you come down the road, you don't see them. You know, you get 4 all the way to Provincetown. Where are they? You know, 5 of course, you have computers and everything else that 6 7 actually help you out. You could go research it, like in a library. God forbid. But, you know, people don't 8 9 know. And they live right here, and they never leave that section. If they go to or if they move to that 10 11 town, they don't leave that town, and that town is it. 12 And I agree. There's a whole buy-in that needs --I mean, the state of Massachusetts should be aware that 13 14 they have a national park -- well, many national parks. 15 MR. PRICE: Many national parks. It depends on how you count. I always count twenty, but it's actually 16 tech-- -- because there's like three parks under one 17 18 superintendent and that sort of thing, but there are about seventeen in eastern Massachusetts, and then 19 20 there's the Springfield Armory, and then there's the 21 Appalachian Mountain Trail. 22 The recommendation, Rich, I could say, we're 23 expecting to have a new staff person join us in the next month or so who's going to be very energetic, and I'm 24

1	hoping she's going to help me orchestrate what it is
2	that we want to do as a staff. And I think we could
3	probably have an organizational meeting where we could
4	invite someone representing the Commission, someone from
5	the Friends, someone from the Chamber of Commerce to
6	start with, at least do some brainstorming as to see
7	what are the opportunities here.
8	I've got to tell you. Carol and I went to the
9	movies over the weekend, saw that Kevin Costner movie
10	about the football draft.
11	MS. TEVYAW: Draft Day?
12	MR. PRICE: Draft Day. I thought it was a great
13	movie, by the way. At the very end excuse me. Wrong
14	movie. In the previews, they were talking about that
15	Disney movie that's coming out about bears, and at the
16	end they talked about the National Park Foundation
17	because some of the proceeds from that movie are going
18	to go to the National Park Foundation to support parks.
19	So that graphic you saw of the Park, the sideward
20	arrowhead, was already depicted in that.
21	MS. LYONS: Oh, good.
22	MR. PRICE: So it's already
23	MS. LYONS: So they're getting there
24	MR. PRICE: They're talking about rolling it out in

1	'15, but that was out there this weekend, at least I
2	saw.
3	So is that it? And then you all obviously I
4	don't know if you want to do a subcommittee. I don't
5	know if you want to do any of that stuff, but I just
6	thought the clock's already ticking.
7	MS. LYONS: Can I add one more thing into the mix?
8	MR. DELANEY: Sure, go ahead.
9	MS. LYONS: I'm not sure if everybody read it here.
10	There is going to be an oyster conference here in 2015
11	as well. That's going to be in the month of October, so
12	it's just coming right in before. And there are going
13	to be people from all over the world. The Oyster
14	International Oyster
15	MR. DELANEY: Society.
16	MS. LYONS: Society meets. The last country
17	they met they've never met in this country. It's
18	about eight years old. Their scientists from all over
19	the world just met in Vietnam last year. It was in
20	China the year before, and some other European country,
21	maybe Greece, was one. But they are studying the
22	oysters, and everybody's bringing their information
23	around the world about oyster culturing and what's going

on with oysters because obviously it's an indicator of

many other things. So somebody from here who actually belongs to that oyster society went to it and invited the president here for a vacation because she was trying to get them to host it here, and indeed they are.

So that's going to be in 2015. It's going to start with the Oyster Fest. They're going to be living out here and going up, and there's going to be a series of different meetings and introductions. And then they're going to tie it up at the Sea Crest Hotel with Woods Hole. So there's going to be a big symposium of scientists the last three days, and then the final day they're going to release their work and give it out to the public and probably have a celebration of some kind.

So it's a vehicle where you could get a lot of adverti-- -- and even maybe buying it. I mean, we'll keep you posted, but there's always opportunities to get the word out or even that partnership, which is going to go even further than the United States when it comes out. And there are going to be a lot of people from the United States -- parts of the United States that you can capture with knowledge of it. So it's during that time. Just keep that in mind.

MR. DELANEY: Ted?

24 MR. THOMAS: Just briefly, maybe work on what the

1	national level is doing and just reinvent yourself. I
2	just think some of the programs that are already
3	existing here in the Park, maybe give them new titles.
4	I recently went to there was a talk at the
5	Outermost House at Salt Marsh. Very nice, great talk,
6	real interesting. People I had never even met before
7	and had never even seen one of them, except for my wife
8	met her before. It could have been better attended.
9	Although it was well attended, it could have been better
10	attended. A park that I happened to be going to this
11	winter, they have things called After Dark in the Park,
12	which is kind of a little catchy thing. But it's just
13	similar things where you go to the headquarters and you
14	
15	MS. LYONS: They walk you through the park.
16	MR. THOMAS: Well, they walk you through different
17	things. I mean, theirs is all about volcanoes. Here it
18	could be about whatever we do here.
19	MS. LYONS: I did do one of those in the evening
20	where you went out at night.
21	MR. THOMAS: A night walk.
22	MS. LYONS: A night walk.
23	MR. THOMAS: Right, there's those too.
24	I think it's just a catchy rewording or the

1	wording, After Dark in the Park.
2	MS. LYONS: Yeah.
3	MR. THOMAS: There are quite a few things this park
4	offers.
5	MS. LYONS: Yeah, it doesn't have to be any that
6	way you have a broad range. You can name it anything.
7	MR. THOMAS: And I think just maybe retitle it,
8	reinvent the things we already have might be the key.
9	MS. LYONS: Yeah, something for people to think
10	about.
11	MR. DELANEY: Mark?
12	MR. ROBINSON: Well, I'm just trying to develop in
13	my own head what do I mean by reaching out. I think
14	there are lots of clubs and activities, groups that
15	that probably their hang-up at the schools is probably
16	transportation and insurance. Is that always an issue?
17	I don't know. But Barnstable High has this terrific
18	astronomy teacher, and he was just given kudos from the
19	Cosmos show, Mr. Gyra. And he's taking the kids out
20	tonight, weather permitting, to see the lunar eclipse at
21	Sandy Neck. Well, you know, the moon's even better up
22	here, right?
23	MS. LYONS: Right.
24	MR. ROBINSON: You know, I mean, just the Scouts.

1	The other environmental education center is up
2	Cape. I don't think probably they ever come out here.
3	Maybe it, again, is a transportation issue, but could we
4	find some subsidy in order to help support
5	transportation, bus fees, and things like that? The
6	Thornton Burgess Society has access to lots of kids,
7	lots of groups like that. So it's not just the same,
8	bless their hearts, Wellfleet Bay Audubon. They're
9	doing things up here. There are other groups who could
10	hop on a bus for a half an hour.
11	MS. LYONS: Tap into us. Right, right.
12	MR. DELANEY: Well, if we take this theme of Find
13	Your Park and we reinvent it here and you're saying
14	there are a whole bunch of people not too far down the
15	road, like Barnstable and Sandwich, who need to find our
16	park
17	MS. LYONS: Right.
18	MR. DELANEY: and figure out how we facilitate
19	that. Either we invite like make a list of 20
20	organizations and invite them all to come up for a day
21	at a time and be host to them and show them around. But
22	find our park locally.
23	MR. ROBINSON: And even just regional groups that
24	tend to want to meet in Hyannis and Barnstable,

1	including my own group, maybe we could meet out here. I
2	don't know if the building's open after 7 o'clock for
3	nonprofits to meet.
4	MR. DELANEY: We could make something happen.
5	Yes?
6	MR. NUENDEL: I've seen that firsthand this
7	weekend. I do the visitors desk at the Salt Pond
8	Visitors Center. This person comes in and says, "You
9	know, I live here on Cape Cod, and this is the first
10	time I've come into this building. I've hiked all the
11	trails." He says, "This is a wonderful place."
12	MS. LYONS: Right, there you go.
13	MR. PRICE: Even Nate Lambert said that last year
14	on the radio. He said he drove past the Visitors Center
15	all the time usually going to Coast Guard Beach. He
16	went to the Visitors Center for the first time, and he
17	actually said good things about us on the radio.
18	MS. LYONS: Wow.
19	MR. ROBINSON: There are so many so many
20	(inaudible). I mean, I've talked to a lot of groups
21	over the years. Sometimes you get blown away. The
22	Osterville Garden Club, okay, you walk in there, and
23	there's 125 people. Mostly women, not all. Maybe they
24	would like to come and see what a coastal heathland

1	looks like.
2	MS. LYONS: Yes, and they're well-heeled. You're
3	right.
4	(Laughter.)
5	MR. PRICE: I've done a lot of public speaking
6	during the 50th anniversary, and that was one of the
7	groups.
8	MR. ROBINSON: The Chatham Retired Men's Club, you
9	haven't lived until you've spoken to that group.
10	(Laughter.)
11	MR. ROBINSON: You have to sing around the piano
12	She'll be Coming Around the Mountain When She Comes in
13	order to get the show on the road there.
14	MR. DELANEY: Well, thank you. We'll keep this
15	discussion going the next couple of meetings.
16	MR. PRICE: Sure.
17	MR. DELANEY: And perhaps we will find a theme and
18	then somewhere a few of us can help pursue it.
19	All right, George.
20	MR. PRICE: All right, a couple of other topics.
21	IMPROVED PROPERTIES/TOWN BYLAWS
22	MR. PRICE: We don't have any new information on
23	town bylaws, but there are a number of things that are
24	standing.

1	HERRING RIVER WETLAND RESTORATION
2	MR. PRICE: The Herring River Restoration, you
3	ought to know that the MOU III Committee has been
4	meeting on a regular basis trying to hammer out the next
5	phase. They're still anticipating an environmental
6	impact statement both for the it's really a state,
7	county, and federal initiative that will be coming out
8	in the fall.
9	MR. DELANEY: George, is there including some
10	federal funds that were recently allocated for Herring
11	River?
12	MR. PRICE: Well, the Herring River Friends group
13	has actually received a number of different donations
14	from different organizations, including some federal
15	monies.
16	MR. DELANEY: I know the Congressman's been pretty
17	active helping with that.
18	AUDIENCE MEMBER (MR. NELSON): Yeah, we have been.
19	MR. DELANEY: Yeah, yeah.
20	MR. PRICE: This morning we saw the work done at
21	this one particular culvert off of Kings Highway and
22	where the people from NOAA have actually put in these
23	electronic devices. So they're tagging the fish in the
24	bay, and then they put these electronic sensors, kind of

like when you go through the toll both, to be able to track the fish from coming out the run itself, both coming and going. So it will be very interesting to see how that works out.

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SHOREBIRD MANAGEMENT PLANNING

MR. PRICE: Not a lot to say on the rest. We're still working on the shorebird management plan coming out sometime this summer/fall. I'll have some other updates on that.

POTENTIAL SMOKING POLICY AT THE SEASHORE

Two things that are actually not MR. PRICE: officially listed on my report, but the one thing I wanted to bring up, and maybe you can talk about under New Business, it came up again recently -- it came up last year, but it came up again now, and that is I've been requested by both a number of visitors and by staff to consider making our guarded beaches nonsmoking. Now, in the Park Service, that's not anything I'm familiar Last year when the request came up, we had people do some research, and a number of the towns already have I know my town of Barnstable there's no smoking them. on the beaches. A number of the towns when we contacted the town staff said, "Well, maybe if the Seashore did it, we would do it as well." So anyway I throw that out

1	as a concept because now I've been approached by another
2	national seashore where their community is asking the
3	exact same thing, and again, their local towns have a no
4	smoking policy. When we polled our lifeguards and our
5	fee collectors, they say that now is the single
6	complaint they get from visitors because of the
7	secondhand smoke they get from the next blanket.
8	So the concept would be a guarded beach means
9	where the lifeguard is. So that's where the lifeguards
10	are, and you'd have markers to let people know. So
11	you'd still be allowed theoretically to smoke outside of
12	that area, but if we were to implement this, that's how
13	it would be implemented and that's where the enforcement
14	would happen.
15	MR. DELANEY: So are you saying you'll be looking
16	into this a little further, or what's the next step, if
17	anything?
18	MR. PRICE: Well, this was, frankly, my next step.
19	I think this is the appropriate type of thing. I
20	thought I would ask you all as representatives to the
21	towns.
22	MR. DELANEY: Let's have some reaction to it.
23	Larry?
24	MR. SPAULDING: I guess the question is, does your

1	legal counsel say that's something you have the
2	authority to do?
3	MR. PRICE: Yes.
4	MR. DELANEY: My thought right off the bat is, you
5	know, we do our beach cleanups and find marine debris
6	and litter on the beach, and there's always an
7	inventory. Cigarette butts are not the biggest by
8	volume, but the biggest numerically. They're always out
9	there, and they become dangerous for wildlife and
10	everything else. So for a natural resource protection
11	as well as secondary smoke impacts, you have two good
12	reasons to move forward with this.
13	Ed, were you going to say something else?
14	MR. SABIN: No, as a nonsmoker, I'm in favor of it.
15	MR. DELANEY: Yeah.
16	MR. THOMAS: Lead by example. Lead by example.
17	MR. DELANEY: Sheila?
18	MS. LYONS: Yeah, I haven't thought much of it
19	until I was at a beach, and then you could smell it or
20	someone's got the cigar.
21	MR. DELANEY: It carries powerfully across the
22	blankets.
23	MS. LYONS: Yeah, it really is.
24	MR. THOMAS: Lead by example.

1	MR. DELANEY: Yes, Joe?
2	MR. CRAIG: It was just passed in Chatham this past
3	year, and the initiative came from the middle school. A
4	bunch of kids at the middle school wrote it up, and so
5	it was passed just this past so it will go into
6	effect.
7	MS. LYONS: Was there a lot of pushback on that?
8	MR. CRAIG: Yes.
9	MS. BURGESS: You could have a little sign:
10	There's no bath side guard. If you smoke, you drown.
11	MR. CRAIG: The biggest pushback came from Sean
12	Summers.
13	MR. PRICE: Great white sharks love cigarettes.
14	(Laughter.)
15	MR. DELANEY: There was an interesting exchange
16	down there. Good question. Was there some pushback in
17	Chatham?
18	MR. CRAIG: Yes. Yes, there was.
19	MR. DELANEY: For what particular reason?
20	MR. CRAIG: It was political. It was political.
21	If you're going to start there, where are you going to
22	stop? To the visitors coming from Chatham, how much can
23	you (inaudible)?
24	MR. SPAULDING: Did Chatham pass it as a board of

1	health regulation or a town meeting vote?
2	MR. CRAIG: Board of health regulation.
3	MR. DELANEY: So that's legit then, Larry. That's
4	authority to do that, yeah.
5	Mark?
6	MR. ROBINSON: I think one of the differences is a
7	lot of the town beaches are limited in their width, so
8	it's hard to get away from people who sit outside and
9	smoke. But if you've got 30 miles out here to spread
10	out, right?
11	MS. LYONS: I know.
12	MR. ROBINSON: I mean, you have to walk a little
13	further to get away from the guards, but it's not a
14	question of width.
15	MS. LYONS: It isn't, yeah. I mean, it really is
16	just not being around others. It's not being courteous
17	really if you can smoke that cigarette and they want to
18	lay there on their blanket.
19	MR. PRICE: I mean, I must admit
20	MR. SABIN: Just go beyond the guarded area.
21	MR. DELANEY: Yeah.
22	George?
23	MR. PRICE: Frankly, the superintendent that I
24	spoke with last week, they were thinking about

1	prohibiting smoking altogether on their entire length of
2	the beach. I always look at it as how enforceable? You
3	can't enforce that.
4	MS. LYONS: Right, it's going to be tough to
5	enforce, and then when people smoke, you know, these
6	butts, there should be at least something about that,
7	that those are an environmental hazard.
8	MR. PRICE: Sure.
9	MS. LYONS: You know, if they get washed in.
10	MR. THOMAS: It already says on the pack, you know,
11	that
12	MS. LYONS: Well, I know, that it's not
13	environmental. It's
14	MR. THOMAS: it's a hazard to yourself.
15	MS. LYONS: Yeah, but I mean, not even
16	MR. PRICE: It doesn't sound like anybody's
17	feeling, just anecdotally here, that that would be an
18	awful thing to do.
19	MR. DELANEY: I think you have an initial sense of
20	the Commission that we would be quite supportive of you
21	moving forward with such an action.
22	MR. PRICE: Well, the answer is yes, I will
23	continue to think about it. I don't know frankly my
24	legal process, if I have time for this season because of

1	the public notice and all that sort of thing. What it
2	would be would just be our Superintendent's Compendium,
3	which would be the way that it would be posted, and then
4	we would post it with signs and all that sort of thing.
5	MS. LYONS: Saying encouraging not to smoke?
6	MR. PRICE: No smoking allowed in guarded beaches.
7	MR. THOMAS: Just don't spend a lot of money on it.
8	MS. LYONS: Yeah, you know, the (inaudible) would
9	do it.
10	MR. THOMAS: Save the money. I mean, it's one of
11	those things. I mean, courtesy says you wouldn't smoke
12	right next to somebody, and you shouldn't be smoking,
13	but I'd much rather see money spent on a building or a
14	facility or replenishing the beach and so forth.
15	MS. LYONS: I agree. They are outdoors. It's a
16	hard argument because it's outside.
17	MR. THOMAS: But it's a good thing to do.
18	MS. LYONS: It is.
19	MR. THOMAS: It's a good thing to do.
20	MS. LYONS: It just reinforces it.
21	MR. DELANEY: One more thing. Larry?
22	MR. SPAULDING: I think, George, if you were to
23	come before them Rich was talking about the
24	statistics of the beach cleanup, and you had some of the

1 staff about some of the issues with the smoking -- you 2 probably could get, if you wanted advice from us and 3 opinion, if you gave us some information on which we could base that advice, that we would be in favor of restricting the smoking at guarded beaches in terms of 5 that process. Now, we just sort of talked about it, but 6 7 I think if some of the staff came and you had some statistics about it, that would give us some information 8 9 on which we could give you some advice. 10 MR. PRICE: Sure. MR. DELANEY: Well said. Initial reaction and 11 12 consensus, if you want a real position, we'll be happy 13 to do that. Good, okay. 14 NSTAR SPRAYING PLANS, CLEARING ALTERNATIVES 15 AND UTILITY RIGHT-OF-WAYS 16 MR. PRICE: And then finally I just wanted to -this kind of dovetails with your Old Business about the 17 18 As luck would have it, Lauren actually had a NStar. meeting with NStar officials this morning, and we'd be 19 20 prepared to give you just a little bit of an update, if 21 you would like, and perhaps a couple of photographs 22 about the location. 23 MS. McKEAN: Yeah, we beat you to the Herring

River, so you'll see some pictures.

24

Kevin McCune, who's the environmental specialist who's been involved with four other projects in the past, Bill Hayes, one of the arborists, and Paul Sellers, another arborist, came. Bill and Paul are representing two different projects. One starts May 1, and it's from the (inaudible) substation down to Orleans. So in the Park boundary, that's from just a little south of Lecount Hollow Beach to the Eastham/Wellfleet town line. And I've actually got those pictures at the end. And so that is a mechanical removal via small skid-steers, buckets, and hand cutting.

So what they propose in the fall from the Park boundary at about Old Hay Road in the northern part of Wellfleet to Collins Road in Truro where it kind of goes up and takes the jag over to the highway -- they are proposing pesticide treatment. They are proposing about the same four chemicals that they proposed in 2009-2010 that got put on hold, had been reviewed by our Park Service Integrated Pest Management program at that time. We had some specific ways we wanted to see it be applied; nonhumid days where it wouldn't be volatized, very targeted to individual trees. They're looking at trying to do it to trees that are waist height and less

because it's just easier to get on the foliage instead

of trying to round out a whole larger tree.

So there are no wells within 100 feet. They have a do not treat zone of 50 feet from wells. So last year they did the mechanical there, and you can see the results of that. And their target was pitch pines, waist and below, like I said, like red oaks. They're looking to -- well, I'll show you a couple of slides.

So that's the Herring River right there at Black Pond Road, and looking up the right-of-way to the top of the hill, top of the hill is the Park boundary. So you can see that there's not a lot in that area that really needs to be done. Some down by the river, and there's a little thicket up by the fence, and then a little beyond. But it's in pretty good shape because, again, mechanical removal was done last year.

This is a section you probably saw as you drove by to see Herring Run. Up the hill had been just treated with the mechanical removal. Then this is the right-of-way that leads to Collins Road. I'll just leave you out a couple slides to Collins Road. Not a lot, but the tall stuff in the right-of-way. This was right in the right-of-way where they're going to treat, and they said this is what they're looking to do. This is what they

1	want as an aftereffect, the result, and it's already
2	happened in a couple of places.
3	So here you can see kind of on either side
4	you're going to see some lighter stuff here on the left
5	and right, and that's the scrub oaks that are going to
6	probably come out in shoots again. You know, those
7	little oak stumps that when you cut them in your yard?
8	Then there was some really nice heathland in the
9	next hump, and this takes you all the way up to Collins
10	Road (indicates). So you do see that you've got those
11	oaks that are going to sprout out in summer. That's
12	what they want to treat.
13	MS. LYONS: Did they show you how they were going
14	to treat them?
15	MS. McKEAN: Well, they have a backpack.
16	MS. LYONS: But it is a backpack and it is directly
17	on the branch?
18	MS. McKEAN: Yeah.
19	MS. LYONS: I've seen them, yeah.
20	MS. McKEAN: Yeah, and they mentioned you from the
21	county group.
22	MS. LYONS: Yes, the county group. We spent a
23	little time together.
24	MS. McKEAN: And then we just went south of

1 Marconi. This is where they're doing mechanical, and 2 you can see why. Because it's too tall for them -- you 3 know, to try to put stuff on all of that would be a lot of pesticides. And so it's the off year, and this is about four years of growth, I think. 5 6 I just have a couple more slides. So this is what 7 they'll be doing all the way down to the Orleans area. MR. ROBINSON: The video that the Cape Cod Times 8 9 posted on their website showed the backpack applicators 10 treating trees even taller than that probably near 11 Sandwich and West Barnstable, that area. 12 Why is there a different policy down here? MS. McKEAN: Well, I just said let's get out there 13 14 and see what's really out there so that I can tell you 15 all what's out there. 16 And this is -- let me just finish the last slide, Fresh Brook. I said, "Okay, so what do you do when you 17 18 come across this situation?" They'll go down the bank 19 to about the end of the pines and then mechanically

come across this situation?" They'll go down the bank
to about the end of the pines and then mechanically
remove the oaks down below and pull them up so they
won't -- they're not going to drive through the wetland.
So this is kind of representative of the things they're
going to encounter down to the town line and then down
to Orleans.

1	They said they're willing they do meetings with
2	folks, so they're willing to come to your next meeting
3	if you wanted to invite them.
4	And why would it be different? Maybe just because
5	the vegetation is different and the treatment has been
6	different over the years. It's lower veg, lower veg
7	here.
8	MR. THOMAS: So, Lauren, what you're saying is they
9	manually cut and then they inject the cut?
10	MS. McKEAN: It's cycles. So this year the
11	vegetation management south of Marconi will be
12	mechanical.
13	MR. THOMAS: Mechanical?
14	MS. McKEAN: Next year we presume they may come
15	back
16	MR. THOMAS: Whatever comes back, then they
17	okay.
18	MR. PRICE: It's not inject like we do with the
19	Phragmites. I think it's just a spray on the foliage.
20	MR. THOMAS: Spray on the foliage. Instead of
21	spraying on the cut wood.
22	MS. McKEAN: In that case, it's still visible.
23	They would do the
24	MS. LYONS: The drop. It's like they drop it right

1	onto the
2	MR. THOMAS: On the cut?
3	MS. McKEAN: Yeah.
4	MR. THOMAS: On the cut, right?
5	MS. McKEAN: Yes.
6	MS. LYONS: So they do that or
7	MR. THOMAS: Regardless, it is sprayed on.
8	MS. LYONS: It is, but, you know and everybody
9	thinks I come up go ahead with that.
10	MS. McKEAN: No, go ahead.
11	MS. LYONS: Everybody thinks I am in defense of
12	NStar and I'm not, but, you know, here's there's only
13	so much you can do when you have a public mandate and a
14	federal mandate. You've got to keep electricity going.
15	They had the Department of Natural Resources on their
16	case with the clear-cutting. You're killing the turtle,
17	box turtles, and the little cotton white-tailed
18	cotton bunnies, and other indigenous species that we
19	don't want cut that are getting cut with the stuff you
20	want cut.
21	So how do you do this? So the Natural Resources
22	actually developed their vegetation plan so that it
23	would be as environmentally safe and acceptable as they
24	could even accept. So what the plan was, is that they

would cut, clear-cut for one to two years and spray on
the -- you know, there's a cycle. So you cut/you spray.
You cut/you spray. And then that is in the hopes of
keeping those taller growths down. So you cut the
trees. Now it's a matter of maintaining them, you know,
letting them die off hopefully, and you let the natural
brush and the blueberries and the cranberries to fill in
and the bayberry.

If you ever go across even the highways -- and a great example is if you get off at Exit 7 and you go towards Route 6A, there is a power line that has -- that looks like that, but it's all grown in now, and it's all green. It looks like blueberry bushes underneath. So they don't have to touch that anymore. They just go around and just prune the edges coming off the branches. They'll go and cut these branches. They don't even have to spray.

So the plan was that was in place, and then after about five years, you would be not using any pesticide. It would just be a matter of keeping the trim because now you're just dealing with small amounts of trim. If it had ever been let to go through the five-year plan, we probably would have just been on -- they would have been right where they were supposed to be with no

pesticide, but no one would hear that. No one would hear that. And when I tried to clear the air and have this meeting so all of that could be out, no one wanted to hear it then either. You know, I was an apologist for them. But I wasn't. I was just trying to say, you know, "It stinks, but if we can work together, we might only have like two years of this. And we can demand it's targeted. We can demand it's applied in a certain way. We can put those conditions on it."

So the only thing I could do was get them to do a moratorium because we could hold the -- they were doing the NStar. They were doing their -- they were putting in new pipes and infrastructure, so we could hold that up until they agreed to have this moratorium. And that's when we got them monitoring the met wells. We tried to have a consensus built during this time, but no one was hearing it. And that is what they planned, which, you know, considering I think they were working with the National -- the Department of Natural Resources, the federal government mandate, the state regulations, which the state is much more stringent on these pesticides -- like the federal government will give them 25 chemicals they can use. All of those then have to go through like a 10-year review of the state,

1 and the state takes off at least half of those, saying, 2 "No, no way you can have those here." So it goes 3 through a double review in the state of Massachusetts. So there's a lot that people just didn't want to hear. And the other line is, when you look at all of the 5 herbicides and pesticides, if everybody got the 6 7 education that the National Seashore did, maybe they wouldn't use their Roundup or they wouldn't just spray 8 9 it the way they spray it, and they would be much more 10 targeted with it. So in all our studies, NStar was responsible for less than one percent of the pesticides 11 and homeowners were responsible for fifty. 12 So just to let you know what the --13 14 MR. DELANEY: No, that's an interesting update. 15 Obviously it's an issue that has caused a lot of 16 consternation. MS. LYONS: It's huge and no one wanted to hear it. 17 18 Just symbolically the fact that we've MR. DELANEY: been talking about protecting a sole-source aguifer 19 20 religiously for 30-40 years now and all of a sudden we 21 say it's okay for chemicals to go into it, it's hard for 22 people to figure out. And I think in terms of a 23 management approach, you just described one that's probably the best compromise. I know a lot of people 24

1	are not quite ready to accept that compromise, and some
2	of our political leadership other political
3	leadership and people are campaigning against it. I
4	know the Park is in kind of this situation. They looked
5	at the science in terms of how negatively impacting
6	those particular chemicals are and found them to be as a
7	general matter okay, and yet you continue to hear other
8	scientists say, you know, Roundup is a nasty thing even
9	when it's applied correctly. And then you have to think
10	about the cumulative impacts of a lot of people, the
11	other 99 percent of us, who use Roundup even on
12	MS. LYONS: And we use we use at work we use
13	it wrong. We use it incorrectly. They are held to use
14	it a certain way with at least a minimal.
15	The other thing I wanted to say is in talking to
16	the activists they understood this. They just wanted
17	them to be the poster child because they were a
18	corporation. "We can go after that. Maybe then we
19	could educate the homeowner."
20	I said I'd much rather educate the homeowner than
21	expend all this wind and energy from us at tackling a
22	federal mandate that, you know
23	MR. ROBINSON: I still think the distinction to be
24	drawn, though, is that if I decide to misapply Roundup

1	on my own property, it's my own stupidity, my own stupid
2	fault, but to have somebody else have a right to come
3	onto my property and spray pesticides, herbicides,
4	particularly if I'm on a private well, I think that's
5	what's really irritating. I don't care whether it's
6	being done in an environmentally sensitive way. I have
7	a right-of-way. They have the right to do this, but
8	they're spraying stuff that I may or may not be
9	comfortable with on my property next to my well. That's
10	really frightening to a lot of people.
11	MS. LYONS: And that's where we got the 100-foot
12	setback. We established that too. So we got them 100
13	feet as opposed to 50.
14	MS. McKEAN: Well, 50 was the no spray. And they
15	documented the wells within 100 feet, and there are no
16	wells
17	MR. DELANEY: I'm sorry, Lauren. Say that again.
18	MS. McKEAN: There's a 50-foot no-spray zone, but
19	they documented the wells that are in the 100 feet.
20	There are no wells within 100 feet in this section.
21	MR. DELANEY: In this park? In this stretch of the
22	Park?
23	MR. PRICE: In this section, on the Seashore
24	boundary.

1	MS. LYONS: Well, we did get that so maybe it
2	was smaller than 50.
3	MR. DELANEY: More comments and questions?
4	MR. THOMAS: Just a simple that all the (inaudible)
5	still go down into one level.
6	MS. LYONS: I agree, and I'm not arguing either
7	way. I'm not saying they're right, and I'm not saying
8	anybody's wrong. I'm just saying sometimes we just have
9	to look at the whole thing and what was their goal.
10	Their goal was to get to zero.
11	MR. THOMAS: Well, I like their goal.
12	MS. LYONS: And they were working towards it, and
13	they figured it was going to be a couple of years. And
14	they were trying to do as minimal as possible, but no
15	one wanted to work with that. All they wanted to hear
16	was that there was something going on.
17	MR. DELANEY: The other thing that bothers me a
18	little bit too, you know, is we had our storm scientist
19	looked at DDT 30 years ago, said, "Oh, this is
20	wonderful. It's going to kill all the mosquitoes.
21	Don't worry about it." Well, it took another 20 years
22	of science. We found out it's a bad thing.
23	MS. LYONS: Right.
24	MR. DELANEY: So also we had another group of

1	scientists saying, "Well, these particular set of
2	chemicals in the stuff that NStar is using, okay, don't
3	worry about it," but we don't know. So I think that
4	some of the activists are saying, "Let's take the
5	precautionary approach, NStar. Let's not do anything.
6	You've got a lot of people out there with mechanical
7	things, and just set a good example as a good neighbor
8	and win a lot of points for a short amount of money."
9	So I keep wondering why they resist so mightily.
10	You described a nice little term, manage around it, but
11	manage around it is one thing.
12	MS. LYONS: No, I agree, and really the culprit
13	here is like a Monsanto. And this is what we have to
14	demand from the powers that be, that these chemicals
15	aren't made. There are other ways of dealing with this.
16	They're big, powerful companies. They can figure it out
17	in a more natural, less harmful way, and they don't
18	because it's cheaper for them and they make a lot more
19	money. And we're stuck with it. That's what we have to
20	really attack.
21	MR. DELANEY: That's a real driver, yeah.
22	Any more comments on this and discussion?
23	(No response.)
24	MR. DELANEY: I think a lot of us are sharing some

1	continuing concerns. A lot of the community is sharing
2	continuing concerns. I don't think this issue is going
3	to go away in terms of public concern. NStar seems to
4	be pushing ahead, making some attempts to be compromised
5	here and there.
6	I don't know, George, if there's any more for the
7	Park to do at this point. You guys have looked at what
8	they're going to do within the Park boundaries. I
9	believe you've referred to your scientists twice, who've
10	said don't worry. So your best advisors are saying
11	don't worry, but the Advisory Commission
12	MR. PRICE: Well, it's
13	MR. DELANEY: Let me just finish. Your advisory
14	commission is at least expressing some skepticism
15	MS. LYONS: Maybe it was always rumored
16	MR. DELANEY: and we've got a scientific
17	community. We've got I think I heard two or three or
18	four comments here saying. So I don't know what help
19	that is to you at this point, but do you want to react
20	to that?
21	MR. PRICE: Well, just that, remember, we actually
22	gave them a letter of restriction from our people. So
23	our national Integrated Pest Management people did the
24	review. I first brought that to the Commission I

1	don't know maybe five years ago. It was a long time
2	ago. And there was a lot of pushback. You asked me to
3	ask them again, which I did, and they still agree that
4	if it was used in this particular way, that it was not
5	going to be harmful to the environment.
6	MR. DELANEY: Larry?
7	MR. SPAULDING: Are they, in fact, going to do what
8	they're going to do in accordance with what your people
9	have said they can do?
10	MR. PRICE: That's my understanding.
11	MR. SPAULDING: I'm assuming that's the case.
12	They've got our opinion, but now they're doing something
13	other than what our opinion.
14	MR. PRICE: No, no, no. There are two different
15	things. There's your opinion, and then there's the
16	written approval that I've given them in their right-of-
17	way, which they're entitled to do.
18	MS. McKEAN: And it's only good for a year, so the
19	last two letters were 2009 and 2010, which were sent to
20	you after your last meeting. So they need to submit
21	again they only came in this morning. I couldn't
22	even get Jason because they were all working together
23	and I just met with them. So it was just the first
24	time. Now they know what they have to submit to us, and

1	they have to submit it to us. And we'll ask those
2	questions again of the IPM guy, the Integrated Pest
3	Management group, you know, if something's changed. And
4	they do screen for environmental and public health.
5	MR. SPAULDING: My question related to we have a
6	group that says, "This is what you can do."
7	Do they have to do it? They do?
8	MS. LYONS: I would think so.
9	MR. SPAULDING: In the Seashore?
10	MR. PRICE: Sure, the requirements within the
11	Seashore boundary.
12	MR. SPAULDING: They have to meet our requirements?
13	It's not a question.
14	MR. PRICE: Right.
15	And sometimes I think I mentioned this before
16	frankly, we've had even on some of the manual cuts when
17	they've had a contractor in there, they have not
18	followed our directions, especially when it came to
19	sensitive sites, and we've issued citations.
20	MS. LYONS: Good.
21	MR. ROBINSON: I guess it's not completely
22	reassuring to think that if Sheila said that the federal
23	list had 50 chemicals and the state list had 25 and
24	we're relying on federal scientists on Cape to tell us

1	it's okay, there's a disconnect there.
2	MR. PRICE: Well, but there's a disconnect on
3	everything. If you take a look at the state list of
4	species, it's like three times larger than the federal
5	species.
6	MR. ROBINSON: If you address these chemicals in
7	one soil type versus another, it seems to me that sandy
8	soils, as we know, percolate nice and easily. Things
9	tend to go down through them even more easily than clay
10	soils. So is the federal scientist sitting and they're
11	looking at clay soils?
12	MR. PRICE: No, they looked at particularly our
13	situation, especially I think Harold Irwin was in the
14	meeting the first time I came back with the report that
15	they approved it. Of course, he's well respected in his
16	profession, and so we went back and asked those very
17	specific questions.
18	MS. McKEAN: So if you want to invite them, they
19	said they would come.
20	MR. PRICE: That's a possibility for the next
21	meeting, if you're interested.
22	MR. DELANEY: What's the pleasure of my fellow
23	commissioners?
24	MR. ROBINSON: I don't think it's necessary.

1 MR. DELANEY: Have them come in? No? 2 MR. ROBINSON: What's the point? We might as well 3 ask the NRC to come in and talk. 4 MS. LYONS: I don't like the machine cutting I don't like that because I think that really 5 either. 6 does do a lot of damage. It looks very destructive 7 afterwards. So I don't know what the right answer is. They won't let citizens do it anymore because when 8 9 they did, that's how you got the New England -- the New York City to New England blackout because somebody 10 11 didn't maintain it that said they were going to. And 12 that was the end of that. There was no more allowing people to sort of like, "Hey, you know, can I just take 13 14 care of my own tree, and I promise --" -- and they 15 didn't. MR. PRICE: One of the things just, as Sheila was 16 17 describing, the ultimate of the spraying and the 18 cutting, the spraying and the cutting in order to get a different type of environment, that's exactly what we're 19 20 doing out here with the heathland restoration and with a 21 cultural restoration landscape of the Fort Hill. So if 22 you go to Fort Hill now, Dave Crary and his crew had 23 just done a major burn, so it's all black. And the next

time around, we'll be doing mowing. Our objective there

24

1	is to try to ultimately get a better census of native
2	growth in that area.
3	MS. LYONS: Could they do a burn right through
4	these?
5	MR. PRICE: They have in some places already, but
6	that's not what we're talking about here.
7	MS. LYONS: Right.
8	MR. DELANEY: All right, well, I'm not sure I
9	hear continuing concerns. I heard some rising a little
10	bit for the superintendent. I'm not sure I see an
11	action point yet. Lauren said they'd be willing to come
12	in and tell us what they're doing again, but I think we
13	know pretty much what they propose through Lauren's
14	meeting this morning.
15	Larry, what do you think?
16	MR. SPAULDING: Well, I don't think we need them to
17	come in now, but when they do, you said they had to
18	reapply, Lauren.
19	MS. McKEAN: Yes.
20	MR. SPAULDING: It would be good when they reapply
21	and we send it to wherever we send it to, to include a
22	list of what the state says is okay.
23	MR. PRICE: Well, they're applying their particular
24	material.

1	MS. LYONS: Right.
2	MR. PRICE: Sheila was just talking about a range
3	of
4	MS. LYONS: A range, and then they only take about
5	four of those, so many of those.
6	MR. DELANEY: And they're state approved?
7	MS. LYONS: Oh, they're all the state approved.
8	And they do work with the National you know, the
9	resource department, Department of Natural Resources.
10	So I'm sure that they're trying to get them to be you
11	know, and I agree, that even though they say they're
12	going to go in there with the backpack, "I'm just going
13	to drop here and there," I always like it's towards
14	the end of the day be like, "Get moving. Let's go.
15	Come on. Let's just do a quick spray here and get out."
16	I do think it wouldn't be bad to be able to have a
17	guide with them or something on different occasions.
18	MR. ROBINSON: Well, we know they violated the wind
19	capacity regulations in Barnstable.
20	MS. LYONS: Well, they do it in Barnstable all the
21	time. They could have the train, spray from the train.
22	That's the worst.
23	MR. ROBINSON: We have a very limited amount of
24	right-of-way here within the Park, is what you told me

1	last time, compared to the Cape.
2	MS. McKEAN: Sure.
3	MR. ROBINSON: So a very limited area is the type
4	of area which they can do by hand cutting. Not
5	mechanical, hand cutting. You can take out those
6	sprouts by hand, and you can take the roots out by hand.
7	MS. LYONS: AmeriCorps, you should see what they
8	did at Thompson Park by hand. I mean, I just looked at
9	it. It's almost all clear, beautiful meadow ground that
10	
11	MR. ROBINSON: It just seems to me if the federal
12	National Seashore is a special landscape, then it
13	deserves special treatment. We can't tell them what to
14	do outside the Park, but within the Park it seems to me
15	the higher standards should apply. And this is also the
16	part of the Cape, not coincidentally, that has reliance
17	on private wells.
18	MR. THOMAS: I agree.
19	MR. DELANEY: Why don't we invite them to come in
20	so they can hear some of these comments.
21	MS. LYONS: Yeah.
22	MR. DELANEY: If nothing else, they can hear the
23	comments, that we're just not sitting by quietly and
24	buying what they advertise. We'd like to have them hear

1	directly from us some of these personal comments.
2	MR. PRICE: Now, I just feel the need Mark, for
3	instance, if you went out and snipped those shoots right
4	now, then that means you have to do it again in a couple
5	of years.
6	MR. ROBINSON: You take the roots out. That's what
7	we did in Brewster.
8	MR. PRICE: Okay.
9	MR. ROBINSON: We took the roots out of everything
10	in that photo, except the big maples down in the black
11	area.
12	MS. McKEAN: Then that area is for mechanical
13	treatment.
14	MR. ROBINSON: Right, they're very shallow root
15	systems.
16	MR. PRICE: And as you already know because of our
17	history of full disclosure, we use herbicides elsewhere
18	in the Seashore. I mean, I've said that before. That's
19	part of our natural resource management program. We go
20	to the same people, the same scientists on a particular
21	project, especially to get rid of the invasive
22	Phragmites and other plants in other environments again
23	to try to reestablish the natural colony in that
24	particular area. So that is one of the tools in our

1	toolbox that we use.
2	MR. ROBINSON: So are invasive species. Those
3	aren't invasive species. Those are Cape Cod flora.
4	MR. DELANEY: Well, I guess I'm not dictating. I'm
5	suggesting. Should we just take a little bit of time on
6	our next agenda and see if they come in and let's have
7	this discussion?
8	MS. BURGESS: I move.
9	MR. DELANEY: One, two. Mark?
10	MR. ROBINSON: Sure.
11	MR. DELANEY: Three, four.
12	MR. ROBINSON: If we can impress on them that there
13	is a third way besides mechanical and pesticide because
14	it's a limited amount. We're not asking them to do 100
15	miles. We're asking them to do a small amount in a
16	nationally protected area.
17	MR. DELANEY: Lauren, would you invite them to find
18	their park?
19	(Laughter.)
20	MS. McKEAN: Whatever day you want. I assume it's
21	about two months from now.
22	MR. DELANEY: Okay, so then we'll ask for a brief
23	brief. You can just ask them we just want them to
24	come in and hear some reaction for this upcoming

1	proposal and potential future and let them know our
2	philosophy about this place. It is a special place.
3	MR. ROBINSON: We'll be polite and respectful.
4	MR. DELANEY: Yes, we'll be polite and respectful.
5	Okay, thanks, Superintendent. That was under Old
6	Business, I guess.
7	MR. PRICE: Well, I was wrapping up my report
8	because of Lauren's and that was your Old Business
9	comments. So I'm complete with mine. Thank you.
10	OLD BUSINESS
11	LIVE LIGHTLY CAMPAIGN
12	MR. DELANEY: Well, then we had a program that Mark
13	has been instrumental in launching called the Live
14	Lightly Campaign, and he launched it and told us about
15	it at our last meeting. And I've asked him to give us
16	an update, in fact, continuous updates because this is a
17	I think we all thought this was a terrific initiative
17 18	
	I think we all thought this was a terrific initiative
18	I think we all thought this was a terrific initiative in partnership with Mark's organizations and local
18 19	I think we all thought this was a terrific initiative in partnership with Mark's organizations and local conservation trusts and the Park Service again sharing a
18 19 20	I think we all thought this was a terrific initiative in partnership with Mark's organizations and local conservation trusts and the Park Service again sharing a really common mission about open space and living
18 19 20 21	I think we all thought this was a terrific initiative in partnership with Mark's organizations and local conservation trusts and the Park Service again sharing a really common mission about open space and living lightly on it.

MR. ROBINSON: On February 3 we had a kickoff meeting at the Salt Pond Center. We had about 50 people attend. I was very happy to have Rich and George work with me to introduce this topic. The idea is very simple, to get land conservation options, techniques, tax benefits out to the 600 people who have private inholdings within the Park as well as other people on the Lower Cape in and around the Seashore area.

So we had good representation. There actually are women involved with this effort as well, but it's a coincidence right in this photo. But the Wellfleet, Truro, Eastham, Provincetown, Orleans conservation trusts were all represented through some of their board members. Also very happy to have Dick Ryder announce his support on behalf of the Friends group, and they also helped sponsor some of the printing costs from our booklet.

Did anybody not get the booklet yet?

So these are going to be distributed to all of the families within the Park in the hopes that they will think about what they can do. Not everybody can donate land. Some people can put conservation restrictions on their land. Other people can think about estate planning with their land. That's when they go to Larry.

And other people might want to sell their land perhaps
to the town, perhaps to the land trust, perhaps to the
Park. But in any case, there's a series of things
people can do, and the whole idea of the booklet is to
outline those options for them.

So we're hoping to get that mailing out this spring through the local land trusts as the sponsors of that outreach effort, and I'll be talking to a number of groups, civic groups, Friends groups throughout the next couple years as they see fit to invite me.

But I just wanted to tell you that there are two things going on this spring. One is a purchase by the Truro Conservation Trust of some of the Meldahl property on Route 6 which abuts the Park, and the other is the Carlson property. They would like to restrict half of their property, which is, as you'll see, a very important inholding.

This is the Edgewood Farm owned by the Meldahls for a long time. You can see it's one of the older farms in Truro. They're right there on Route 6, a before and after picture. It's always been a beautiful place, about 12 acres in total. And you can see here how it abuts the Seashore. Back in 2003, I think it was, the town used land bank funds to buy a 7-acre piece here

(indicates). So that's town conservation land in pink.

Purple is Truro Conservation Trust land. So we have a

real mosaic of protected open space in the South Truro

area anchored, of course, by the Park. So you'll see

how the boundary sort of encircles the old farm. You

can also see here how the farm has been subdivided over

the years. This was back in -- I think it was about

1990s at some point. A subdivision road was created on

paper to provide frontage for lots made out of the farm.

This is the old farm buildings, the house, the barns,

the studio here now.

And then two lots up on the ridge which have been offered for sale. This is supposed to be a joint effort with the Castle Hill Center for the Arts, which is a Truro cultural institution. They would love to move out here. They're still negotiating with the owners, but the Truro Conservation Trust hopes to buy those two stand-alone lots up on the ridge within the next year. It's a beautiful place at the top of the ridge here (indicates). It looks out towards Ballston Beach across the Upper Pamet. And it's just nice Cape Cod woods, but as you see, it goes up, up the ridge and then looking out over the Pamet Valley. So those are the two building lots, almost four acres in total.

The other one is the Carlson property. This is Bill Carlson. He spoke at our February 3 kickoff meeting. Family land that's been in his parents and grandparents since before World War II. And Wireless Road is the dirt road that runs I think north of here towards Lecount Hollow. Wireless I think must have to do with Marconi. MS. McKEAN: Yeah. MS. LYONS: Right. MR. ROBINSON: So anyway, his property, as you can

see, is completely surrounded by the National Seashore.

And they have a house at the west end, but they have this long, skinny strip. These are the old wood lots that characterized a lot of the Cape in this area. So they still own one of those wood lots. And they have a — they had a cabin. They rebuilt the cabin as a year-round house now down here, right down by the road itself, and then this long strip running back, oh, about — it's about 1,254 feet reaching back into the woods (indicates). But you can see how the Seashore owns entirely around the land. So half of it is where they have their house, they have a couple of horses, but they'd like to restrict everything out in the back. And so it's fully integrated with all the big forests that

1 runs north and south, east and west through this area. 2 And again, it's good Cape Cod woods. Nothing really 3 special about it, but it's what they can do. They don't have 10 to 12 acres. They have an extra acre, so they could put a conservation restriction on it. We'll know 5 that it will be forever wild, and it will fit in nicely 6 7 with the Park and surrounding it. 8 There is a rare species. It used to be on the 9 state list of endangered species, broom crowberry. You 10 can't see much of it here because it's not in blossom, but when it does turn, it's got this beautiful red. 11 12 This is down near the bay in Truro. But broom crowberry, people around here pooh-pooh broom crowberry 13 14 because you see it everywhere, but it's globally rare. 15 So it's locally common, globally rare. It's what 16 Wellfleet, Eastham, and Truro have to offer to global diversity, is this plant, because it's so common in much 17 18 of the Lower Cape. It's no longer on the state endangered species list, as far as I can tell. 19 20 So that's that, and I hope to give you other 21 updates as we go along, but again, the idea is that not 22 everybody can do a big land donation or a big sale to 23 the Park, but each family can do maybe something. 24 MR. DELANEY: Great, Mark.

2	(inaudible).
3	MR. DELANEY: And I assume the invitation stands to
4	any member of the Commission who hears of someone else
5	who might want to talk to you about an opportunity that
6	you'd be happy to go meet.
7	MR. ROBINSON: Free private consultation.
8	MR. DELANEY: Okay, so let's keep the word out
9	there. And can I ask you to come back and update us
10	from time to time as we go down the road? Good, okay.
11	MR. ROBINSON: This Truro property is going to town
12	meeting, if anybody's involved with town meeting in
13	Truro this end of April.
14	MS. BURGESS: The 29th.
15	MR. ROBINSON: So vote for it.
16	MR. DELANEY: Or who have friends and family and
17	can spread the word, yeah. Thanks, Mark. Yeah, great.
18	So that pretty much concludes our major items, but
19	we now are open to new business.
20	NEW BUSINESS
21	MR. DELANEY: So if any member has something new to
22	bring up.
23	Ed?
24	MR. SABIN: It's sort of like new business because

MS. LYONS: That's great. Congratulations on the

1

1	
1	Shirley and I have been on the Cape now for 23 years.
2	We're beginning to think about retiring again. We're
3	going to downsize. Among other things, I need to finish
4	my term on this commission. I think my next meeting
5	will be my last meeting here.
6	MR. ROBINSON: Stay for the Centennial.
7	MR. SABIN: Don has been a very good alternate for
8	me, so I assume that he will be taking my spot. I
9	haven't talked to him about this. This appointment
10	comes from the Secretary of the Interior through the
11	town manager or the town manager through the Secretary
12	of the Interior, one way or another. But I assume that
13	Don will be the next representative. I will be here for
14	the next meeting, the last meeting for me, and then
15	Donald will take over. And I assume that then an
16	alternate will be appointed in Don's spot.
17	So I have enjoyed the association with this group
18	for all these years. I think I've been here longer than
19	everybody in this room, except Lauren, who was the only
20	one who was here when I came.
21	MS. McKEAN: Maybe.
22	MR. SABIN: I think so.
23	MR. PRICE: How many years, Ed?
24	MR. SABIN: I think it's close to twenty, something

1	like that. I don't know exactly. Close enough.
2	Anyway, but it's been fun.
3	MR. DELANEY: Well, that's sad news.
4	Congratulations on your second retirement, however.
5	(Applause.)
6	MR. SABIN: I'll be here next meeting.
7	MR. DELANEY: Good. Well, we'll celebrate again
8	next meeting.
9	Any other new business from members? Mark?
10	MR. ROBINSON: At the risk of talking too much, I
11	attended a workshop that was held in Eastham Town Hall
12	sponsored by the Community Preservation Committee about
13	ten days ago, and about 40 people from the community
14	were there. The whole idea was to kind of ground
15	through some of the planning objectives of the town's
16	open space and recreational programs and facilities.
17	It was very well well done, a couple of
18	consultants. But they broke us up into groups, and
19	there were nine groups. And then we were supposed to
20	report back about what did we think of priorities and
21	were there other priorities. And it wasn't on the list
22	of priorities, but four of the nine groups on their own
23	came up with a new priority that Eastham ought to be
24	thinking about, which is helping to fix the Red Maple

1	Swamp.
2	MS. LYONS: Oh, this is a big thing. I got this on
3	a was it you that sent me that?
4	MR. NUENDEL: No, no.
5	MS. LYONS: Somebody sent me something on the
6	somebody put a Preserve for Cape Cod Commission thing,
7	so of course I liked it, and I put up no, I did it on
8	my own website. I put up a picture of the Russians, and
9	I said I was on the National Seashore, that I was
10	honored to be here to participate in this conversation.
11	And somebody said, "What are they going to do about the
12	Red Maple?" I've got to get the person's name. I'll
13	send it to you.
14	But they wanted to know, what are you doing about
15	this, George?
16	I'm glad you brought that up. I meant to bring
17	that up.
18	MR. ROBINSON: My point is that it showed a) to me
19	a disconnect between what the citizenry was thinking and
20	the planning people were thinking because it hadn't been
21	on their horizon, and number two, that through the
22	Community Preservation Fund, Eastham has access to some
23	money that could help subsidize the limited federal
24	money that's available for something like that.

1	MR. NUENDEL: (Inaudible) probably was the one who
2	contacted you, I believe, because he's been talking
3	about this for quite some time. But, you know, things
4	move slow.
5	MR. ROBINSON: It wasn't a one-person crusade. It
6	bubbled up independently from four of the nine groups.
7	MR. NUENDEL: I think that might be the start of
8	that, though. I think he was looking into that.
9	MR. ROBINSON: How would it work, George? Could a
10	town participate financially
11	MR. PRICE: Yes.
12	MR. ROBINSON: with the federal government on
13	something like that?
14	MR. PRICE: A couple of people have felt me out
15	about the idea if monies came from that group.
16	Specifically this has obviously been a trail that's been
17	out of commission now for a number of years. It took a
18	while for us to really get a good estimate.
19	But our estimate now, Kathy, was like a million
20	seven or something?
21	MS. TEVYAW: Yes.
22	MR. ROBINSON: It was a million two last time we
23	came here.
24	MR. PRICE: I know. The issues are complex. I

1	mean, back when these trails were put in in the 1960s,
2	we had no NEPA, MEPA, or any of that stuff to deal with.
3	There was dry weather back then. I literally talked to
4	the foreman of the group that did it. There wasn't even
5	any water. In fact, the first time they did it, they
6	didn't even have boardwalks at either the Red Maple or
7	the White Cedar Swamp area. So it's just a whole
8	different environment now in order to do that work.
9	So we've gone through this about a hundred times as
10	far as the efforts that are going to be needed to hold
11	the previous pilings, put in new pilings, and all that
12	sort of thing. We officially have a plan that we've
13	submitted to our national funding process, which
14	obviously does not have a priority yet, but if there was
15	a contributor for part of those funds, it actually might
16	make it more attractive to try to get other funds as
17	well.
18	MS. TEVYAW: If there were a match, we would have
19	to adjust this project in our system.
20	MR. PRICE: Right.
21	MS. TEVYAW: That would give us points.
22	MR. PRICE: Points.
23	MR. ROBINSON: So Eastham could pass an
24	authorization that would not be actually paid unless and

1	until matching monies came forward?
2	MR. PRICE: Correct.
3	MR. ROBINSON: So it wouldn't cost you anything
4	unless they came to the table?
5	MR. NUENDEL: I think the business community in
6	Eastham's involved because not unless something changed
7	that I haven't heard.
8	MR. DELANEY: Well, keep us
9	MR. ROBINSON: That's all I know.
10	MR. DELANEY: Well, keep us
11	MR. ROBINSON: Keep going.
12	MR. DELANEY: Yeah, keep going.
13	MR. ROBINSON: I'm not going to learn anymore.
14	MR. DELANEY: I think I heard Kathy say if there
15	were to be a match, it would increase the point rankings
16	for your project in Washington. So that would be
17	MR. PRICE: You know, personally I still feel I
18	mean, there's no question that it's the National Park
19	Service's responsibility, but when you take a look at
20	the other priorities like the Herring Cove parking lot
21	and a couple of these other things, those are all big-
22	ticket items. So it's certainly going to be a while
23	before we're actually going to be able to come to the
24	table to be able to do something. I would just from

2	money, it obviously shows how important it is to the
3	town. But I think my comment back to the couple of the
4	people that asked me was that I would think there would
5	be other town priorities that would be higher for the
6	town before they were putting money in for federal.
7	MR. ROBINSON: 800,000 to dredge Rock Harbor.
8	MR. DELANEY: Yeah.
9	MR. PRICE: So other than that, if there's
10	something I haven't heard anything other than the
11	original context months ago. Would it be possible? The
12	answer is yes, but I don't see myself soliciting that
13	money per se out of the Community Preservation Fund.
14	I was around when Betsy Shure Gross and others got
15	that off the ground, and I always envisioned that money
16	going towards other community needs.
17	MR. ROBINSON: I think they have about \$5 million
18	to use in the next five years or something like that.
19	Those numbers might not be right, but it's a significant
20	amount that's available. Now, some of that will go to
21	housing and recreation and open space, but this might be
22	in the mix.
23	The other thing is the town could serve as a
24	vehicle to get some state money. That could be a PARC,

a fed thinking that a town's going to come up with the

1

1	P-A-R-C, grant from the state even though (inaudible).
2	So as long as the town applied for it.
3	MR. PRICE: Actually, Kathy, did somebody from this
4	group ask Karst for our submittal?
5	Somebody asked for the scope that we've submitted
6	fairly recently, as I recall.
7	MS. TEVYAW: Well, almost a year ago.
8	MR. DELANEY: Larry?
9	MR. SPAULDING: I'm assuming that the town could
10	come and say, "Here's the plans. If it's acceptable to
11	you, we'll do the contracting. We'll do everything.
12	It's got to go through you and it's got to go through
13	your system regardless of where the money comes from."
14	MR. PRICE: Actually, it has to do with our
15	standards and specs. The money does not have to come to
16	us per se. I mean, often we'll use another party that
17	actually does the work. We just go through an agreement
18	and an arrangement as to how that work would actually
19	get done. So, for instance, when partners do work at
20	parks, that's how it's done. The Friends of Acadia do a
21	lot of work on park property. When I was at the Boston
22	Harbor Islands, the Island Alliance does a lot of good
23	work itself. So they did the fund-raising. They worked
24	with the particular island owner on the needs of that,

1	and then obviously the property owner signs off whether
2	it's a state agency or a city agency. But no, the money
3	does not have to per se come to us.
4	MR. SPAULDING: So Eastham could take a bigger role
5	if they wanted to in coordination with you to actually
6	do this and use their money to do it?
7	MR. PRICE: Yes.
8	MR. DELANEY: Just have to use your specs?
9	MR. PRICE: Yes.
10	MR. DELANEY: So that's a variation. All right, it
11	looks like there might be a deal here.
12	MR. PRICE: And obviously, you know, you talk about
13	the environmental concerns. The town is actually under
14	all the state MEPA environmental concerns, which are
15	actually either as stringent or more stringent than we
16	would anyway. So that's the common parameter there.
17	MR. DELANEY: Okay, thanks, Mark.
18	Any other new business?
19	(No response.)
20	MR. DELANEY: Hearing none, we would should set
21	the date for our next meeting.
22	DATE AND AGENDA FOR NEXT MEETING
23	MR. PRICE: How does June 16 look? That is if you

wanted to have a June meeting.

24

1	MR. DELANEY: I think we should have one more
2	meeting before the summer sets in.
3	MR. PRICE: Before Ed forgets about us.
4	MR. DELANEY: Yeah.
5	MS. McKEAN: We need a cake for Ed and lunch.
6	MS. LYONS: It's fine for me.
7	MR. DELANEY: I'll be out of the state.
8	MR. PRICE: Well, then there's the 9th.
9	MR. DELANEY: The 9th would work for me.
10	MS. LYONS: The 9th works for me.
11	MR. PRICE: Lauren, is that
12	MS. McKEAN: Nancy will be here then, so I won't
13	have to worry about it.
14	MR. PRICE: Will we be able to get it through the
15	Federal Register (inaudible)?
16	MS. McKEAN: Yes.
17	MR. SABIN: June 9?
18	MR. DELANEY: June 9, same time, same location.
19	And then the agenda will be is open now for
20	suggestions. We're going to have an update on the NStar
21	spraying as one topic. Obviously we'll have the
22	superintendent's reports and updates.
23	MR. ROBINSON: I'll give you a shorter
24	MR. DELANEY: Yeah, Mark will give us the update on

1	the Live Lightly Campaign.
2	There was something else just a minute ago we
3	mentioned. Well, we'll talk more about the Centennial,
4	our role or our participation in the Centennial
5	celebration.
6	Anything else of a particular nature that someone
7	would like to see on here?
8	MR. PRICE: I might have Jason come back and show
9	the video for you.
10	MR. DELANEY: Oh, on the yeah, okay.
11	MR. PRICE: I could tee up more of the smoking
12	piece.
13	MR. DELANEY: Oh, yeah, the update on smoking.
14	Yeah.
15	MS. LYONS: I'll get everybody (inaudible), that
16	and the plovers.
17	(Laughter.)
18	MS. BURGESS: I was just thinking that.
19	MS. LYONS: Curse you, National Seashore.
20	MS. BURGESS: Only in the plover area.
21	MS. LYONS: Yeah, you can only go to the plover
22	area.
23	MR. DELANEY: Okay, we have an agenda I think
24	starting to shape up.

1	Larry?
2	MR. SPAULDING: I'd be interested, when you
3	mentioned plovers, just the birds and about what's
4	happened this spring. Maybe somebody on your staff
5	where you had that statistic could give a report.
6	MR. PRICE: Sure.
7	MR. DELANEY: That's a good one, especially since
8	Orleans and Chatham are trying to do their own version
9	of an endangered species management plan.
10	MR. PRICE: Well, actually, Joe was asking me
11	earlier about our position on that management plan. And
12	just so that everybody's aware, the towns by definition
13	are working with the state, and the state works under
14	U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service on the requirements. So
15	if U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the state are
16	happy, I'm happy. So whatever accommodations they work
17	out with the escorting and all that sort of thing, then
18	they're the regulatory responsible party, and even
19	though they're doing it within the boundary of the
20	Seashore, they're doing it according to their authority,
21	which works for us.
22	MR. DELANEY: So do they seek comment from the Park
23	Service in their process, or do they
24	MR. PRICE: No. They have to get the comment from

1	the state or the Fish and Wildlife Service, just like we
2	have to get our sign-off from the Fish and Wildlife
3	Service.
4	MR. DELANEY: Does the Fish and Wildlife Service
5	ask the federal agencies in the area, your view in
6	particular, to comment on what they're proposing?
7	MR. PRICE: No.
8	MR. DELANEY: Okay.
9	MR. PRICE: But there is a it's more
10	complicated, but it's my understanding there is a
11	cumulative effect in a larger area if they determine
12	that there's impact on a particular species, but we
13	don't have any reason to believe that that impact is
14	going to affect our shorebird management plan
15	necessarily.
16	MR. DELANEY: An update Larry, I think an update
17	on that would be helpful.
18	So we've got an agenda, a date.
19	PUBLIC COMMENT
20	MR. DELANEY: And now I'll turn it toward Public
21	Comment.
22	Andrew, usually there are lots of screaming people
23	that are angry at the superintendent for doing something
24	at this point, and they get up and they make all kinds

1	of noise.
2	MS. LYONS: They'll be here next time with NStar.
3	MR. DELANEY: They'll be here next time with NStar.
4	But you're the I guess the sole representative
5	today, so it's kind of you to (inaudible). And the
6	public.
7	Did you want to
8	MS. LYONS: And I'm not an apologist, just to get
9	that straight.
10	MR. DELANEY: Did you want to take a chance to say
11	anything else about your role?
12	AUDIENCE MEMBER (MR. NELSON): To learn and listen
13	and, you know, obviously we would want to see, as
14	always, if you guys need anything from our office,
15	please feel free to contact, you know, in Hyannis, and
16	we'll get on the ball with whatever you need help with.
17	MR. DELANEY: Good.
18	MR. THOMAS: Pilgrim.
19	MS. BURGESS: Pilgrim.
20	MS. LYONS: Yeah, I know.
21	MR. THOMAS: Put more Pilgrim in his cereal. A lot
22	of people are going to vote, you know, someday.
23	MS. LYONS: Soon.
24	MR. THOMAS: Soon.

1	MS. LYONS: I know.
2	MR. THOMAS: So it's important to put more Pilgrim
3	in his cereal.
4	MR. DELANEY: And the last thing I should have
5	done this earlier before Public Comment, but I will call
6	your attention to this booklet.
7	MS. LYONS: I love that.
8	MR. DELANEY: Just be aware of it.
9	Larry, did you bring this?
10	MR. SPAULDING: I didn't.
11	MR. DELANEY: Did Mark bring it?
12	MR. THOMAS: Mark, it's a good piece.
13	MR. DELANEY: This looks like a good piece. I just
14	glanced through it, but, boy, you know, renters, that
15	summer population is a big reason why we have
16	environmental issues, because they triple our population
17	and put all kinds of pressure on our environment and
18	wastewater in particular.
19	MS. LYONS: Is there any way to get them in
20	different languages?
21	MR. ROBINSON: I don't know. I just picked it up.
22	MS. LYONS: Oh, you didn't produce it? You weren't
23	part of that production? Well, you know, it's a great

-- you know, I'm working with the J-1 now because of

24

1	bike safety stuff, and the bike safety Mass. Bike
2	does have these brochures that were taken advantage in
3	all different languages. I'm having one translated into
4	Bulgarian. It would be great to have those for not just
5	J-1 workers I mean, for them to actually sort of have
6	an appreciation for where they are, but I mean, we're
7	trying to tell them how to be safe here, but we should
8	also say how to keep your area you know, be
9	respectful and safe while you're here. So that would be
10	and not just J-1 workers, other visitors from all
11	around the world, as we all know, that come here.
12	MR. DELANEY: Well, take a spec and see if you can
13	get it replicated for each town. It's a good piece.
14	MS. LYONS: I like it a lot.
15	ADJOURNMENT
16	MR. DELANEY: Hearing no other business business
17	or comments, I'll accept a motion to adjourn.
18	MR. ROBINSON: So moved.
19	MR. DELANEY: Second?
20	MS. LYONS: Second.
21	MR. DELANEY: All approved?
22	BOARD MEMBERS: Aye.
23	(Whereupon, at 3:21 p.m. the proceedings were
24	adjourned.)

REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE

PLYMOUTH, SS

I, <u>Linda M. Corcoran</u>, a Court Reporter and Notary

Public in and for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, do

hereby certify that:

The foregoing 124 pages comprises a true, complete, and accurate transcript to the best of my knowledge, skill, and ability of the proceedings of the meeting of the Cape Cod National Seashore Advisory Commission at Marconi Station Area, Park Headquarters, South Wellfleet, Massachusetts, on Monday, April 14, 2014, commencing at 1:03 p.m.

I further certify that I am a disinterested person to these proceedings.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and notarial seal this 22nd day of May, 2014.

Linda M. Corcoran - Court Reporter My commission expires: August 28, 2020